

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of West Branch Area School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Branch Area School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2024 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Notes 1 and 17, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 100, effective July 1, 2023. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federa awards is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The General Fund schedule of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balance (pages 62-63) has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or proivde any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 12, 2025 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

State College, Pennsylvania May 12, 2025

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Mark Mitchell, Superintendent

Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2024

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of West Branch Area School District (the District) provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The intent of this discussion is to review the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements to enhance the reader's understanding of the District's financial performance.

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

Total net position (deficit) of the District at the close of the most recent fiscal year was \$(2,423,356). The Capital Projects Fund restricted fund balance in the amount of \$8,389,763 is for the Elementary Renovation Project including a complete renovation to the current structure and addition of a music and STEM classrooms and a new large group instruction area.

The District's total net position improved by \$2,414,218. Net position of governmental activities improved by \$2,394,254 while net position of the business-type activity improved by \$19,964.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$19,650,175, an improvement of \$9,587,890 from the prior year. \$2,077,046 of this amount is available for spending at the District's discretion (General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance) while \$8,389,763 of this amount must be used for capital projects in accordance with Section 1432 of the Municipal Code. The District has also restricted \$42,285 for student activities and scholarships. The District has committed \$9,055,963 of the General Fund Balance for future costs of contributions to the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and for future capital projects. The District has assigned \$34,094 for athletics and band uniforms. The District also has \$51,024 of restricted funds related to a special education compensatory fund, and for future dental insurance costs.

At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,077,046, or 9.8% of the 2024-2025 total budgeted General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: management discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and the required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements, the statement of net position (deficit) and the statement of activities. These provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

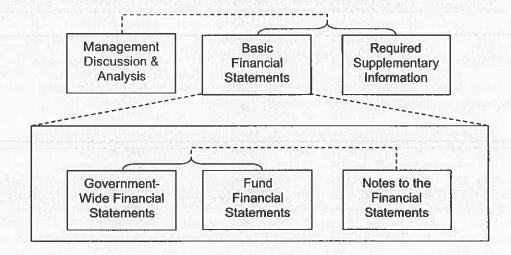
The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. The governmental fund statements tell how general District services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates similar to business in the private sector, which for the District is the Food Service Fund.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of the Financial Section are arranged and relate to one another:

Figure A-1

Required Components of the District's Financial Report



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2
Major Features of the District's
Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Statements	And the second of the second
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as education, administration and student activities	The activities the District operates similar to private business - Food Services
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position (Deficit), Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet, Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	Balance Sheet, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position, Statement of Cash Flows
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets, capital assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, capital leases, and short & long-term notes	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long term debt included	All assets, capital assets, liabilities, capital leases, and short & long-term notes
Type of Inflow - Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during the year; regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenue for which cash is received during or after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year; regardless of when cash is received or paid

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
June 30, 2024

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position (deficit) includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position (deficit) and how it has changed. Net position (deficit), the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, are one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position (deficit) are indications of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes to the District's property tax base and the performance of the students.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are divided into two categories:

Governmental Activities - All of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, administration and student activities. Property taxes and state and federal subsidies as well as grants finance most of these activities.

<u>Business-Type Activities</u> - The District operates a food service program and charges fees to staff, students and visitors to help cover the costs of operation.

Fund Financial Statements

The District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required by law and by bond issue requirements.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's activities are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governments activities (reported in the statement of net position (deficit) and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the District's activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector; or where the reporting is on determining net income, financial position, changes in the financial position and a significant portion of funding is received through user charges. When the District charges customers for services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units in the District - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The Food Service Fund is the District's proprietary fund and is the same as the business-type activity we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The District's Total Net Position (Deficit) was *negative* \$(2,423,356) at June 30, 2024 as compared to *negative* \$(4,837,574) at June 30, 2023. Table A-1 provides a condensed comparison of the years.

The District does not operate its own pension plan, but is a mandatory participant in the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS). Each year PSERS calculates its own Net Pension Liability and assigns a portion of this Net Pension Liability to the participating employers.

Of the District's \$(2,423,356) in governmental activities net position (deficit), \$1,165,656 is invested in capital assets (buildings, land, land improvements and equipment, net of related debt). The remaining net position (deficit) is a combination of restricted and unrestricted amounts. The District has the following balances as of June 30, 2024: \$8,483,072 is restricted for the Capital Projects, Dental Care and Compensatory Fund. The remaining negative \$(12,517,902) is unrestricted.

Table A-1
Net Position (Deficit) (Government-Wide)
Fiscal Year Ended June 30

			2024						2023		
	Governmental Activities	Bus	siness-Type Activity		Total	G	Activities	Bu	siness-Type Activity	MIN.	Total
Assets Current and other assets Noncurrent assets	\$ 13,650,682 24,135,880	\$	437,426 124,778	\$	14,088,108 24,260,658	\$	13,140,421 13,828,238	\$	417,217 148,915	\$	13,557,638 13,977,153
Total assets	37,786,562		562,204		38,348,766		26,968,659		566,132		27,534,791
Deferred Outflows	4,412,659		18,568		4,431,227		3,996,541		17,258		4,013,799
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 42,199,221	\$	580,772	\$	42,779,993	\$	30,965,200	\$	583,390	\$	31,548,590
Liabilities Current liabilities Long-term liabilities:	\$ 2,634,629	\$	30,943	\$	2,665,572	\$	2,611,655	\$	45,703	\$	2,657,358
Due within one year Due after one year	1,027,565 39,348,694		98,232	4	1,027,565 39,446,926	J	1,011,222 29,898,626		103,455	EX	1,011,222 30,002,081
Total liabilities	43,010,888		129,175	8	43,140,063		33,521,503	-	149,158		33,670,661
Deferred Inflows	2,057,507		5,779		2,063,286	188	2,707,125	-	8,378		2,715,503
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital											
assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	1,165,656 8,483,072 (12,517,902)		124,778 18,430 302,610		1,290,434 8,501,502 (12,215,292)		8,913,229 273,310 (14,449,967)		148,915 26,104 250,835		9,062,144 299,414 (14,199,132)
Total net position (deficit)	(2,869,174)		445,818		(2,423,356)	Yas	(5,263,428)		425,854		(4,837,574)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position (deficit)	\$ 42,199,221	\$	580,772	\$,42,779,993	\$	30,965,200	\$	583,390	\$	31,548,590

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the statement of activities. All expenses are reported in the first column. Specific charges, grants, revenues and subsidies that directly relate to specific expense categories are represented to determine the final amount of the District's activities that are supported by other general revenues. The two largest general revenues are the Basic Education Subsidy provided by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the local taxes assessed to community taxpayers.

Table A-2 takes the information from the statement of activities and rearranges it slightly so you can see the total revenues for the year.

Table A-2
Statement of Activities (Government-Wide)
Fiscal Year Ended June 30

		2024			2023	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Total
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 29,674	\$ 116,536	\$ 146,210	\$ 31,158	\$ 180,367	\$ 211,525
Operating grants and contributions	7,551,283	641,911	8,193,194	7,434,769	549,224	7,983,993
General revenues:						
General taxes Grants, subsidies and contributions,	5,619,415		5,619,415	5,246,430	W 885 1889E	5,246,430
unrestricted	8,537,497		8,537,497	8,027,982		8,027,982
Other	1,203,725	10,143	1,213,868	300,906	5,583	306,489
Total revenues	22,941,594	768,590	23,710,184	21,041,245	735,174	21,776,419
Expenses						
Instruction	12,244,216		12,244,216	10,956,789	-	10,956,789
Instructional student						
support	1,492,509		1,492,509	1,571,169	_	1,571,169
Administration and			- W 2111	3 00		田 田 田 田
financial support	1,891,847	•	1,891,847	1,467,046		1,467,046
Operation and	10.51			0.040.000		0.040.000
maintenance of plant	2,680,863	•	2,680,863	2,642,666	-	2,642,666
Pupil transportation	1,231,685	•	1,231,685	1,189,585	•	1,189,585
Student activities	592,649		592,649	600,786		600,786 67,634
Interest of long-term debt	413,571	749.000	413,571	67,634	733,753	,
Food services	-	748,626	748,626		133,133	733,753
Total expenses	20,547,340	748,626	21,295,966	18,495,675	733,753	19,229,428
Increase (decrease)						
in net position	\$ 2,394,254	\$ 19,964	\$ 2,414,218	\$ 2,545,570	\$ 1,421	\$ 2,546,991

Other revenue increased in the current year by \$907,379 compared to the prior year. This was due to the banks interest rates increasing due to the market prime rate increasing which led to better returns for the District.

Instruction expenses increased approximately \$1,290,000 or 12% compared to the prior year. This was due to an increase in personnel costs, special education costs and vocational education expenses. Administration and financial support services increased approximately \$425,000 or 29% compared to prior year. This was due to debt issuance expenses. Interest on long-term debt increased approximately \$346,000 or 511% compared to prior year. This was due to new debt issuance at the beginning of fiscal year 2024.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

Tables A-3 and **A-4** below present the expenses of both the Governmental Activities and the Business-Type Activity of the District.

Table A-3 shows the District's seven largest functions - instructional programs, instructional student support, administrative, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, student activities and interest of long-term debt as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). This table shows the net costs offset by other unrestricted grants, subsidies and contributions to show the remaining financial needs supported by local taxes and other miscellaneous revenues.

Table A-3
Governmental Activities
Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	\$ 12,244,216 1,492,509 1,891,847 2,680,863 1,231,685 592,649 413,571	24		20	23		
				Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	0	Net Cost of Services
Functions/Programs							
Instruction	\$	12,244,216	\$	6,160,937	\$ 10,956,789	\$	5,027,130
Instruction student support Administration and financial		1,492,509		1,481,997	1,571,169		1,557,011
support Operation and maintenance		1,891,847		1,891,847	1,467,046		1,467,046
of plant		2,680,863		2,680,863	2,642,666		2,642,666
Pupil transportation		1,231,685		85,650	1,189,585		368,423
Student activities		592,649		294,786	600,786		168,859
Interest of long-term debt		413,571	_	370,303	 67,634		(201,387)
Total governmental							
activities	\$	20,547,340		12,966,383	\$ 18,495,675		11,029,748
Less unrestricted grants and							
subsidies			1000	(8,537,497)			(8,027,982)
Total			\$	4,428,886		\$	3,001,766

Table A-4 reflects the activities of the Food Service program, the only Business-Type Activity of the District.

Table A-4
Business-Type Activity
Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	20	24		2023				
	tal Cost Services		et Cost Services		otal Cost Services		et Cost Services	
Functions/Programs Food services Investment earnings	\$ 748,626	\$	(9,821) (10,143)	\$	733,753	\$	4,162 (5,583)	
Total		\$	(19,964)			\$	(1,421)	

The statement of revenues, expenses and change in net position for this proprietary fund will further detail the actual results of operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

Financial Analysis of the Government Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a district's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$19,650,175 which is an increase of \$9,587,890 (95.3%) from the prior year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,077,046. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the General Fund's unassigned fund balance to total budgeted expenditures of the next fiscal year. The unassigned fund balance represents 9.8% of the 2024-2025 budgeted expenditures, which is in line with the Government Finance Officers Association recommended range. During the fiscal year, the District's General Fund total fund balances increased by \$1,296,571. Key factors that contributed to this increase were as follows:

Revenues:

Overall, the District received 106% of the budgeted revenues. Local, state and federal revenues were greater than budgeted.

Expenditures:

Most expenditures were in line or under budget with respect to the budgetary functions. The major exceptions to this are the following:

Regular programs was \$103,177 more than budgeted. Special programs was \$338,202 more than budgeted. Central was \$237,086 more than budgeted. Student activities was \$67,026 more than budgeted.

Overall, the District expended 99.5% of the budgeted expenditures.

Significant budget variances are addressed at Table A-5 and the narrative that follows.

The District also operated a Capital Projects Fund which is authorized under Section 1432 of the Municipal Code. Expenditures from this fund are limited to: capital improvements, replacement of and additions to public works and improvements, for deferred maintenance thereof, and for the purchase or the replacement of school buses, and for no other purpose.

The District's Capital Projects total fund balance was \$8,389,763 at June 30, 2024. It increased by \$8,281,132 over the prior year. The District will allocate the majority of these funds for a new project within the guidelines of Section 1432 in the near future.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

General Fund Budget

During the fiscal year, the District Board of Directors (the Board) may authorize revisions to the original budget to accommodate differences from the original budget to the actual expenditures of the District. All adjustments are again confirmed after the Annual Financial Report (AFR) is substantially completed, which is after the end of the fiscal year, as permitted by state law. A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with the amounts actually paid and received is provided on page 22 of the financial statements. There were no revisions to the original budget in the current fiscal year.

The District applies for federal, state and local grants and these grants cannot always be anticipated during the budget process. If additional grants are received during the year, these grants are added to the revenue and expenditure budgets.

The Budgetary Reserve is used for opportunities or expenditures for improvements and enhancements to District operations that were unforeseen at the time the budget was adopted. The budget called for the use of \$124,170 from the budgetary reserve for the 2023-2024 school year. The 2023-2024 actual results added \$1,403,571 to the budgetary reserve before transfers.

Significant Budget Variances

Table A-5 reflects the Budget Variances for both Revenues and Expenditures. In an effort to reduce the need for an increased local tax effort, revenues are budgeted conservatively, while expenditures are budgeted aggressively. An explanation of the differences is stated below.

Table A-5
General Fund
Actual to Budget Variances
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted Amount		Actual Amount	D	ifference	Actual as % of Budget
Revenues 6000 Local sources 7000 State sources 8000 Federal sources	\$	6,286,398 13,056,954 1,519,395	\$	6,695,589 13,757,682 1,786,196	\$	409,191 700,728 266,801	106.51 % 105.37 117.56
Total revenues and sources	100	20,862,747		22,239,467		1,376,720	106.60
Expenditures 1000 Instruction 2000 Support services 3000 Noninstructional 4000 Facilities 5000 Debt Service		12,463,406 6,550,208 437,893 - 1,480,410	97	12,595,996 6,324,437 504,919 42,096 1,368,448		(132,590) 225,771 (67,026) (42,096) 111,962	101.06 96.55 115.31 (100.00) 92.44
Total expenditures and uses		20,931,917		20,835,896		96,021	99.54
(Deficiency) excess of revenues (under) over expenditures	\$	(69,170)	\$	1,403,571	\$	1,472,741	(2,029.16)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

Revenues

Local Revenues:

Earned income tax revenue was up 15%, or \$103,944, from budget. Revenues from interest income earned on bank accounts at the District were up \$358,876 more than budgeted. This was due to the District not being able to predict the interest rates that would be available during the fiscal year.

State Revenues:

The state provides reimbursements and grants for several different programs and services that the District provides to students. Each reimbursement or grant is budgeted prior to the final state budget being approved. Due to this timing concern, state revenues, similar to local revenues, are budgeted conservatively. The basic education subsidy was over budget by approximately \$269,000. Both the special education subsidy and pupil transportation subsidy were also under budget by approximately \$250,000 each.

Federal Revenues:

The District received \$110,665 more in Title IA low income funding than budgeted during the fiscal year..

Expenditures

The majority of the budgeted expenditure figures are estimates. Furthermore, the District has limited or no control over several significantly large expenditures such as tuition for cyber schools and tuition for approved special education private schools. The 2023-2024 Special programs of expenditures was \$338,202 or 12% over budget. The most significant deviation of actual under budgeted expenditure was experienced in salaries and wages where the District budgeted more than necessary. This was due to the changing of several staff members.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets:

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activity as of June 30, 2024 is summarized below.

	 overnmental Activities	iness-Type Activity	Total
Land	\$ 12,292	\$ _	\$ 12,292
Construction in progress	1,431,836	-	1,431,836
Buildings and improvements	30,536,238	-	30,536,238
Equipment and other capital assets	2,875,973	589,090	3,465,063
Leased assets	80,616	-	 80,616
Total	34,936,955	589,090	35,526,045
Accumulated depreciation	 (19,975,047)	(464,312)	(20,439,359)
Net	\$ 14,961,908	\$ 124,778	\$ 15,086,686

Over the past several years, the District has completed several construction projects as well as other improvements to District property. The District is currently in the beginning stages of a renovation to the elementary school. The values of these projects, net of depreciation, are included in the Capital Assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

Debt Administration:

As of June 30, 2024, the District's long-term liabilities were \$39,446,926. This includes net other postemployment benefit liability of \$3,996,579, compensated absences of \$260,660, long-term debt payable of \$12,757,415, obligations incurred under leases of \$11,272 and a net pension liability of \$22,421,000.

Detailed information about long-term liabilities is included in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The tax base in Clearfield and Clinton Counties has remained level with only minimal growth in the local tax base. The District has been experiencing a slightly declining student enrollment for many years and this trend is expected to continue based on enrollment projections by the Pennsylvania Department of Education. The District administration will need to continue to monitor the building capacity, participation in various programs and class size when making facility, staffing and program decisions based on district enrollment trends.

The revenue budget for the 2024-2025 year, \$20,763,330, is \$99,417 less than the budget for 2023-2024. This represents a .050% decrease in budgeted revenues. The decrease in budgeted revenue is due to the reduction in Federal ESSER funding. The expenditure budget for the 2024-2023 year, \$21,187,786, is \$200,869 more than the budget for 2023-2024, which is an increase of 1.0%. The increase in expenditures is primarily the result of projecting for rising costs along with rising salaries and wages. The 2023-2024 budget requires the use of \$424,318 from the committed fund balance to balance.

Labor Relations

The West Branch Education Association, an affiliation of Pennsylvania State Education Association (PSEA), represents the professional staff of the District. This group represents 77 employees, including teachers, librarians, counselors and nurses. The District entered into a contract, effective July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2025. Health insurance contributions by District employees range from \$73 - \$167 per month for the duration of the contract.

The West Branch Education Support Professionals Association (the Association) represents the support staff of the District. The Association represents 53 employees. This group includes custodians, secretaries, paraeducators and cafeteria personnel. The current contract runs from July 1, 2019 until June 30, 2024. The contract provides average annual hourly increases of 3%, longevity payments, health insurance for employee and family, personal days, bereavement, emergency, vacation, life insurance and sick leave. Health insurance contributions by District employees range from \$35.42 - \$75.00 annually. The contract was renegotiated providing an approximate 4% increase for the years July 1, 2024 until June 30, 2029.

The remaining administrative and noninstructional personnel of the District are represented under ACT 93 compensation plan for principals, supervisor of special education, supervisor of buildings and grounds, and information technology coordinator. The secretary to the superintendent, pupil services coordinators, bookkeeper/payroll coordinator, and the network administrator have a separate Act 93 Non-Supervisor compensation plan. The Act 93 Plans ran from July 1, 2023 until June 30, 2026. The annual average salary increase for administrative personnel range from 0% to 3.5%. These groups contribute to health insurance costs. The Act 93 Groups contributes the same as the professional staff \$73 to \$167 per month. Other benefits are similar to other district employees.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

Contacting the District Financial Management

The West Branch Area School District financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact Leslie Stott, Business Manager for the West Branch Area School District, 516 Allport Cutoff, Morrisdale, Pennsylvania 16858, and (814) 345-5615 x4850.

Statement of Net Position (Deficit) June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,985,106	\$ 429,384	\$ 11,414,490
Taxes receivable, net	689,065	3-1-0	689,065
Due from other governments	1,924,390		1,924,390
Internal balances	9,888	(9,888)	1
Other receivables	42,233		42,233
Inventories		17,930	17,930
Total current assets	13,650,682	437,426	14,088,108
Noncurrent Assets			75
Cash and cash equivalents held for capital projects	9,173,972		9,173,972
Land	12,292		12,292
Construction in progress	1,431,836		1,431,836
Buildings and improvements	30,536,238	10/11	30,536,238
Equipment and other capital assets	2,956,589	589,090	3,545,679
Accumulated depreciation	(19,975,047)	(464,312)	(20,439,359)
Total noncurrent assets	24,135,880	124,778	24,260,658
Total assets	37,786,562	562,204	38,348,766
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Other postemployment benefits	586,749	2,604	589,353
Pension	3,825,910	15,964	3,841,874
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,412,659	18,568	4,431,227
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 42,199,221	\$ 580,772	\$ 42,779,993
	Ψ 42,103,221	Ψ 300,772	4 42,719,993
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Deficit)			
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 305,745	\$ 12,513	\$ 318,258
Current portion of long-term debt	1,011,000		1,011,000
Current portion lease liability	16,565		16,565
Accrued salaries and benefits	2,264,883		2,264,883
Unearned revenue	The state of the s	18,430	18,430
Accrued interest	64,001		64,001
Total current liabilities	3,662,194	30,943	3,693,137
Noncurrent liabilities:			8 - 440
Long-term debt	12,757,415		12,757,415
Lease liability	11,272		11,272
Other postemployment benefits liability	3,992,284	4,295	3,996,579
Compensated absences	259,895	765	260,660
Net pension liability	22,327,828	93,172	22,421,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	39,348,694	98,232	39,446,926
Total fiabilities	43,010,888	129,175	43,140,063
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Other postemployment benefits	1 420 125	0.404	4 400 000
Pension	1,430,125	3,161	1,433,286
rension	627,382	2,618	630,000
	2,057,507	5,779	2,063,286
Total deferred inflows of resources			
Net Position (Deficit)			
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets	1,165,656	124,778	1,290,434
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets Restricted	8,483,072	124,778 18,430	1,290,434 8,501,502
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets			
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets Restricted	8,483,072	18,430	8,501,502
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	8,483,072 (12,517,902)	18,430 302,610	8,501,502 (12,215,292)

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2024

Governmental Activities Instruction Instruction and financial support services Operation and maintenance of plant services Pupil transportation (1,2244,216) (1,492,509) (1,891,847) (2,680,863)	6	Charges	Onerating			
\$ sport total support services ince of plant services	EApelloco	for Services	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Totai
\$ sport rcial support services ince of plant services						
	12,244,216)	69	\$ 6,083,279	\$ (6,160,937)		\$ (6,160,937)
	(1,492,509)		10,512	(1,481,997)		(1,481,997)
	(1,891,847)	٠		(1,891,847)		(1,891,847)
	(2,680,863)			(2,680,863)		(2,680,863)
	(1,231,685)		1,146,035	(85,650)		(85,650)
Student activities	(592,649)	29,674	268,189	(294,786)		(294,786)
Interest on long-term debt	(413,571)		43,268	(370,303)		(370,303)
Total governmental activities (20,	20,547,340)	29,674	7,551,283	(12,966,383)		(12,966,383)
Business-Type Activity Food service	(748,626)	116,536	641,911		\$ 9,821	9,821
Total \$ (21,	21,295,966)	\$ 146,210	\$ 8,193,194		9,821	(12,956,562)
Genera Prope Earne Grant	General Revenues Property taxes, lev Earned income tax Grants, subsidies	eneral Revenues Property taxes, levied for general purposes, net Earned income tax Grants, subsidies and contributions not restricted	ourposes, net s not restricted	4,738,847 880,568 8,537,497		4,738,847 880,568 8,537,497
Inves	Investment earnings Miscellaneous income	ngs come		1,028,062	10,143	1,038,205
	Total gen	Total general revenues		15,360,637	10,143	15,370,780
	Change i	Change in net position (deficit)	ficit)	2,394,254	19,964	2,414,218
Net Po	osition (Def	Net Position (Deficit), Beginning		(5,263,428)	425,854	(4,837,574)
Net Po	Net Position (Deficit), Ending	icit), Ending		\$ (2,869,174)	\$ 445,818	\$ (2,423,356)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		Major	Fund	ls				
	diction	General		Capital Projects		onmajor Funds		Total
Assets								To A
Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,942,821	\$	type of the	\$	42,285	\$	10,985,106
Restricted cash and				Salvour III)				
cash equivalents				9,173,972	\$	100		9,173,972
Taxes receivable, net		689,065				100		689,065
Due from other governments		1,924,390				-		1,924,390
Due from other funds		794,097						794,097
Other receivables	- 10	42,233				-		42,233
Total	\$	14,392,606	\$	9,173,972	\$	42,285	\$	23,608,863
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$	305,745	\$		\$	d business of the	\$	305,745
Due to other funds				784,209				784,209
Accrued salaries and benefits		2,264,883			, <u>6 /</u>			2,264,883
Total liabilities	7310	2,570,628		784,209		747	W	3,354,837
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unearned revenues, taxes	21	603,851			_			603,851
Fund Balances								
Restricted		51,024		8,389,763		42,285		8,483,072
Committed		9,055,963						9,055,963
Assigned		34,094		- II				34,094
Unassigned	10	2,077,046		-			10.7	2,077,046
Total fund balances		11,218,127	-10	8,389,763	1	42,285		19,650,175
Total	\$	14,392,606	\$	9,173,972	\$	42,285	\$	23,608,863

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position (Deficit) June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 19,650,175
Amounts reported for governmental activities	
in the statement of net position (deficit) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are long-term	
financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as	
assets in governmental funds. The cost of assets is	
\$34,936,955 and the accumulated depreciation is \$19,975,047.	14,961,908
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year,	
but are not available soon enough to pay for the	
current period's expenditures, and therefore, are	
unearned in the governmental funds.	603,851
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability	
are not reported in the governmental funds, however	
are reported in the statement of net position (deficit).	3,825,910
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability	
are not reported in the governmental funds, however	
are reported in the statement of net position (deficit).	(627,382)
Deferred outflows related to net OPEB liability	
are not reported in the governmental funds, however	
are reported in the statement of net position (deficit).	586,749
Deferred inflows related to net OPEB liability	
are not reported in the governmental funds, however	
are reported in the statement of net position (deficit).	(1,430,125)
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not	
due and payable in the current period, and therefore	
are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.	
Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	
Notes payable	(13,768,415)
Lease liability	(27,837)
Accrued interest on long-term debt	(64,001)
Other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB)	(3,992,284)
Compensated absences	(259,895)
Net pension liability	(22,327,828)
Total Net Deficit - Governmental Activities	\$ (2,869,174)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Major	Funds		
	-4/ L 0 8/6/4/	Capital	Other	
	General	Projects	Nonmajor	Total
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 6,695,589	\$ 477,580	\$ 106,579	\$ 7,279,748
State sources	13,757,682	10000		13,757,682
Federal sources	1,786,196		- 18 11 E	1,786,196
Total revenues	22,239,467	477,580	106,579	22,823,626
Expenditures				
Instruction	12,595,996			12,595,996
Support services	6,324,437	261,090		6,585,527
Noninstructional services	504,919	7-11-1-1-1	96,392	601,311
Facilities acquisition, construction and				
improvement services	42,096	1,939,299		1,981,395
Debt service	1,368,448	.,000,200	THE WAY A VIEW	1,368,448
	1,000,110			1,000,440
Total expenditures	20,835,896	2,200,389	96,392	23,132,677
Excess (deficit) of revenues over				
expenditures before other				
financing (uses) sources	1,403,571	(1,722,809)	10,187	(309,051)
Other Financing (Uses) Sources				
Proceeds from the issuance of				
long-term debt		9,785,050		9,785,050
Original issue premium		111,891		111,891
Transfer out	(107,000)			(107,000)
Transfer in		107,000	-	107,000
	L'ALL CARE DO	- 1000	iv. wet es	
Total other financing sources, net	(107,000)	10,003,941		9,896,941
Net changes in fund balances	1,296,571	8,281,132	10,187	9,587,890
Fund Balances Basinains				
Fund Balances, Beginning as Previously Reported	9,921,556	-	140,729	10,062,285
Assessment Character (see				
Accounting Changes (see		400.004	(400.004)	
Notes 1 and 17)	-	108,631	(108,631)	
Fund Balances, Beginning				
as Adjusted	9,921,556	108,631	32,098	10,062,285
no ranguossa	3,321,000	100,031	32,030	10,002,265
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 11,218,127	\$ 8,389,763	\$ 42,285	\$ 19,650,175
	Ψ 11,210,121	9 0,000,700	72,200	Ψ 10,000,110

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2024

Total Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 9,587,890
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (deficit) are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation in the period:	### A	
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	\$ 1,956,313 (822,643)	1,133,670
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Unearned tax revenues increased		1,133,670
by this amount this year.		117,968
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of government funds. The transaction, however, does not have an effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and other similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are		
deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Reconciling items related		
to long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows: Issuance of long-term debt Scheduled principal payments on long-term debt	(9,785,050) 995,000	
Scheduled principal payments on lease liabilities Bond issuance premium	16,222 (111,891)	
Bond premium amortization	 4,476	(8,881,243)
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net additional interest		(0,001,243)
accrued in the statement of activities over the amount due is shown here.		(44,599)
Net pension liability is considered long-term in nature, and is not reported as a liability within the funds. Such liability is, however, reported within the statement of net position (deficit), and changes in the liability is reflected within the statement of net position (deficit). This represents the change in pension liability and the deferred		
outflows and inflows related to the pension.		509,481
Net OPEB liability is considered long-term in nature, and is not reported as a liability within the Funds. Such liability is, however, reported within the statement of net position (deficit), and changes in the liability is reflected within the statement of net position (deficit). This represents the change in OPEB liability and the deferred		
outflows and inflows related to the OPEB.		(33,028)
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacations and sick days) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured		
by the amount of financial resources used. This amount represents the difference between the amount earned versus the amount used.		4,115
Change in Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities		\$ 2,394,254
Onango in Not i Osmon (Demon) of Osterningman Additios		¥ 2,007,204

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted Amount Original and Final		Actual	V	Variance Vith Final Budget avorable
Revenues						Steel House
Local sources	\$	6,286,398	\$	6,695,589	\$	409,191
State sources		13,056,954		13,757,682		700,728
Federal sources		1,519,395		1,786,196	Wales	266,801
Total revenues		20,862,747		22,239,467		1,376,720
Expenditures						
Instruction:						
Regular programs		7,986,403		8,089,580		(103,177)
Special programs		3,023,570		3,361,772		(338,202)
Vocational education programs		997,696		825,501		172,195
Pre-Kindergarten		298,715		268,401		30,314
Other instructional programs		157,022		50,742		106,280
Total instruction		12,463,406		12,595,996	1	(132,590)
Support services:						
Pupil personnel		667,913		585,027		82,886
Instructional staff		845,075		495,414		349,661
Administration		1,162,307		1,113,031		49,276
Pupil health		444,747		468,395		(23,648)
Business		329,768		326,394		3,374
Operation and maintenance of plant services		1,861,670		1,867,405		(5,735)
Student transportation services		1,238,728		1,231,685		7,043
Central				237,086		(237,086)
Total support services	NI PA	6,550,208		6,324,437	4	225,771
Noninstructional services,						
Student activities	HIGH	437,893	(1)	504,919		(67,026)
Facilities acquisition, construction and				40.000		(40.000)
improvement services	-	-		42,096		(42,096)
Debt service		1,480,410	_	1,368,448	+	111,962
Total expenditures	_	20,931,917	MIL	20,835,896		96,021
Excess of revenues (under) over						
expenditures before other financing uses		(69,170)		1,403,571		1,472,741
Other Financing Uses						
Transfer (out) in		(55,000)		(107,000)	_10	(52,000)
Net changes in fund balances	\$	(124,170)		1,296,571	\$	1,420,741
Fund Balances, Beginning			500/	9,921,556		
Fund Balances, Ending			\$	11,218,127		

Balance Sheet - Proprietary Fund - Food Service June 30, 2024

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Assets Current assets:		
Cash	\$	429,384
Inventories	- 450	17,930
Total current assets		447,314
Noncurrent assets:		
Machinery and equipment		589,090
Accumulated depreciation	11/1/2000	(464,312)
Total noncurrent assets	5	124,778
Total assets	Market Samuel	572,092
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Other postemployment benefits		2,604
Pension	-	15,964
Total deferred outflows of resources		18,568
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	590,660
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position		
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	12,513
Due to other funds		9,888
Unearned revenue		18,430
Total current liabilities		40,831
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences		765
Other postemployment benefits		4,295
Net pension liability		93,172
Total noncurrent liabilities	11 to	98,232
Total liabilities		139,063
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Other postemployment benefits		3,161
Pension		2,618
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,779
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		124,778
Restricted		18,430
Unrestricted		302,610
Total net position		445,818
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	590,660

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position - Proprietary Fund - Food Service Year Ended June 30, 2024

Operating Revenues	
Food service revenues	\$ 116,536
Operating Expenses	
Other purchased services	312,040
Food, milk and supplies	282,223
Salaries and employee benefits	102,730
Operation and maintenance	27,471
Depreciation	24,137
Miscellaneous	25
Total operating expenses	748,626
Operating loss	(632,090)
Nonoperating Revenues	
Federal sources	583,793
State sources	58,118
Earnings on investments	10,143
Total nonoperating revenues	652,054
Change in net position	19,964
Net Position, Beginning	425,854
Net Position, Ending	\$ 445,818

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund - Food Service Year Ended June 30, 2024

Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	\$	114,413
Cash paid to employees		(111,862)
Cash paid to vendors		(589,821)
Net cash used in operating activities		(587,270)
Cash Flows Provided by Investing Activities		
Earnings on investments		10,143
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		
State sources		58,118
Federal sources	- 2	532,574
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		590,692
Change in cash		13,565
Cash, Beginning		415,819
Cash, Ending	\$	429,384
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		
Operating loss	\$	(632,090)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		
used in operating activities:		
Depreciation		24,137
Pension changes		(5,411)
OPEB changes		(676)
USDA donated commodities used		45,668
Changes in assets and liabilities resulting in the		
provisions (use) of cash:		
Inventories		(6,644)
Accounts payable		(7,086)
Unearned revenue		(2,123)
Compensated absences		(3,045)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(587,270)
Noncash Operating, Noncapital Financing Activities		
USDA donated commodities	\$	45,668

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policles

The financial statements of the West Branch Area School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

Nature of Operations

The District provides public education services to residents in portions of Clearfield and Clinton Counties, Pennsylvania. The District operates a combined elementary and secondary school located in Morrisdale, Pennsylvania.

The District assesses the taxpayers of these municipalities based upon taxing powers at its disposal. The ability of the District's taxpayers to pay their assessments is dependent upon economic and other factors affecting the taxpayers.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended. The specific criteria used in determining whether other organizations should be included in the District's financial reporting entity are financial accountability, fiscal dependency and legal separation.

As defined above, there are no other related organizations that should be included in the District's financial statements, nor is the District considered to be a component unit of any other government.

Basic Financial Statements, Government-Wide Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major and nonmajor funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The District's General, Capital Projects and School Sponsored Activity and Scholarships Funds are classified as governmental activities. The District's Food Service Fund is classified as a business-type activity.

In the government-wide statement of net position (deficit), both the governmental and business-type activity columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets, receivables and deferred outflows of resources, as well as long-term debt and obligations and deferred inflows of resources. The District's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position (deficit). The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue.

The District does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

Basic Financial Statements, Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the District:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District:

General Fund

The General Fund the main operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial transactions not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from local property and earned income taxes, and state and federal appropriations. Many of the more significant activities of the District, including instruction, administration and certain noninstructional services are accounted for in this fund. The General Fund is reported as a major fund.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Capital Projects Fund is a major fund.

School Sponsored Activity and Scholarships Fund

The School Sponsored Activity and Scholarships Fund accounts for the monies authorized by Section 511 of the Public School Code of 1949 for school publications and organizations. The District's activity funds are Special Revenue Funds. The School Sponsored Activity and Scholarships Fund are reported collectively as a nonmajor fund.

Proprietary Fund

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The applicable GAAP are those similar to businesses in the private sector.

Food Service Fund

The Food Service Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures pertaining to cafeteria operations since such operations are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. It is the intent of the government body that the cost of providing such goods or services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or cost reimbursement plans.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District, are included on the statement of net position (deficit). The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in the District's net position.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Proprietary funds are also accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the Proprietary Fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Inventories are valued on a first-in, first-out basis.

Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period (next fiscal year) or, for real estate taxes, within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, lease obligations, compensated absences, postemployment obligations and certain claims and judgments are recognized when due. During 2024, the District made no budgetary transfers.

The District reports unearned revenue on its fund financial statements. Unearned revenue arises when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenue may also arise when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District adopts an annual budget for the General Fund in accordance with law.

The budget is maintained on a modified accrual basis by fund, function and object, with expenditures controlled by line item. Appropriations lapse at the end of each year and must be reappropriated

The School Board approves budget transfers between departments within District funds. Budgeted amounts are reported as most recently adopted by the School Board.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major object level. The Board of School Directors may make transfers of funds appropriated to any particular item of expenditure by legislative action in accordance with the Pennsylvania School Code. Management may amend the budget at the sub-function/sub-object level without Board approval. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Budgetary information reflected in the financial statements is presented at or below the level of budgetary control and includes the effect of approved budget amendments. The General Fund budget for the year ended June 30, 2024 was approved by the Board of Directors on June 20, 2023 in the amount of \$20,931,917 with a tax millage of 103.67 mills for Clearfield County and 12.71 mills for Clinton County.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and improvements
Equipment and other capital assets

15 - 50 years 5 - 20 years

The District does not have any infrastructure capital assets.

Assets under capital lease were recorded at the lower of the present value of minimum lease payments or fair value of the asset. Amortization of assets under capital lease is included in depreciation.

Jointly Governed Organizations

Clearfield County Career and Technology Center

The District, along with four other school districts in the region, participates in the Clearfield County Career and Technology Center (the Center). The Center was created for the purpose of offering vocational and technical training programs for the benefit of secondary school pupils and post-secondary adults in the Clearfield County, Pennsylvania attendance area. The Center is a joint venture of its five member school districts. The Center is governed by a joint operating committee consisting of members from each participating district. Each participating school district must approve the Center's annual operating budget.

The District is obligated to pay a pro-rata share of the Center's operating expense based on the number of students attending the Center. The District's contribution for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$739,987.

The District is obligated to pay a pro-rata share of the Center's debt service in the form of semi-annual lease rental payments. The District made debt service payments to the Center totaling \$85,514 during the year ended June 30, 2024.

Complete financial statements for the Center can be obtained from the Center's administrative office.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

Central Intermediate Unit 10

The District is a participating member of the Central Intermediate Unit 10 (CIU). The CIU is run by a joint committee of members from each of its 17 participating districts. The participating districts annually approve the CIU's annual operating budget. The CIU is a self - sustaining organization that provides services for fees to participating districts. As such, the District has no on-going financial interest or financial responsibility in the CIU. The CIU contracts with the participating districts to supply special education services, computer services and acts as a conduit for certain federal programs.

Compensated Absences

The District accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pension

The District provides eligible employees with retirement benefits through the Public School Employer's Retirement System (PSERS), a governmental, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PSERS was established as of July 18, 1917, under the provisions of Public Law 1043, No. 343.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of PSERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms and investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program and the West Branch Area School District Postemployment Benefits Plan (the West Branch OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from PSERS and the West Branch OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS and the West Branch OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

Governmental Fund Balances

The District classifies its governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not
 in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which
 are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to
 constitutional provisions or enabling legislation
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that
 are internally imposed by the District through formal action of the School Board which do not
 lapse at year-end
 - o The School Board of the District is its highest level of decision-making authority, and
 - The School Board commits funds through a formal board motion.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the District, but not through a formal action of the School Board
 - The School Board of the District authorized the District business manager to assign funds to specific purposes.
 - The School Board passed a board motion authorizing assignments for activities as contemplated by the Board.
- Unassigned includes position fund balances within the General Fund which have not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds

Restricted Net Position/Fund Balances

In governmental funds when an expenditure is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balances and then to other, less-restrictive classifications - committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Principles

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022 and* No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* for the year ended June 30, 2024. GASB Statement No. 99 aims to improve the consistency and comparability of accounting and financial reporting. GASB Statement No. 100 is intended to streamline the reporting of accounting changes and error corrections and the related disclosures in governmental financial reporting. The adoption of GASB Statement No. 99 had no effect on the District's financial statements as of June 30, 2024; the effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 100 is further described in Note 17.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2024, the District's cash and cash equivalents include deposits with local financial institutions, the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT) and the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF).

Pennsylvania statutes provide for the investment of governmental funds in certain authorized investment types, including U.S. Treasury bills, other short-term U.S. and Pennsylvania government obligations, and insured or collateralized time deposits and certificates of deposit. The statutes do not prescribe regulations related to demand deposits; however, they do allow the pooling of governmental funds for cash management and investment purposes. Act 72 requires all governmental (public funds) deposits not insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) to be collateralized by the financial institution.

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires disclosures related to the following deposit and investment risks: credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. The following is a description of the District's deposit and investment risks.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District will not recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the District's deposits with local financial institutions was \$10,507,766 and the bank balance was \$11,424,865. Of this balance, \$10,920,663 was exposed to custodial credit risk, as these deposits were not covered by depository insurance. Rather, these deposits were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, but not in the District's name.

Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT)

PLGIT contains assets invested in accordance with Title 24 of the Pennsylvania Statutes Article 4, Section 440.1 (2001). Each participant owns shares of PLGIT, which invests the pooled assets. Such assets are not considered deposits, and as such are not subject to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount and bank balances of the District's investment in PLGIT were \$9,019,750. Due to the short-term nature and liquidity of the investments held within the pool, the fair value of the underlying investments approximates amortized cost.

Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund

The PSDLAF contains assets invested in accordance with Title 24 of the Pennsylvania Statutes Article 4, Section 440.1 (2001). Each participant owns shares of PSDLAF, which invests the pooled assets. Such assets are not considered deposits pursuant to GASB Statement Nos. 3 and 40, and as such are not subject to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount and bank balances of the District's investment in PSDLAF were \$1,060,946. Due to the short-term nature and liquidity of the investments held within the pool, the fair value of the underlying investments approximates amortized cost.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

3. Property Taxes

Real estate property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. Taxes are collected at a 2% discount through October 15; face amount due from October 16 through December 15; and 10% penalty added after December 15. The County Assessment Offices calculate the yearly tax levy and distributes the individual tax duplicates to the school district's appointed tax collectors. The tax collectors are responsible for tax collections. Tax revenues are recognized in the period in which they are remitted by the tax collectors.

The District, in accordance with GAAP, recognized the delinquent and unpaid taxes receivable reduced by an allowance for uncollected taxes as determined by the administration. A portion of the net amount estimated to be collected which was measurable and available within 60 days was recognized as revenue and the balance deferred in the governmental fund financial statements.

4. Taxes Receivable, Net

A summary of the taxes receivable and related amounts at June 30, 2024 follows:

Property taxes receivable	\$ 918,133
Earned income taxes receivable	6,635
Total	924,768
Estimated uncollectible taxes at June 30, 2024	(235,703)
Total	\$ 689,065

5. Due From Other Governments

The amount reported in the governmental funds at June 30, 2024 as due from other governments is summarized below:

	F	ederal	State Local		Local	Total		
General Fund	\$	608,818	\$ 1,059,589	\$	255,983	\$	1,924,390	

Amounts due from the federal and state government are primarily federal grants and state subsidies receivable from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Education at June 30, 2024. The amount due from local governments represents receivables earned by the District for vocational education, but not yet remitted to the District as of June 30, 2024.

6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	_	Balance July 1, 2023	12	ncreases		ransfer/ ecreases	J	Balance une 30, 2024
Governmental Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land Construction in progress	\$	12,292	\$	1,431,836	\$		\$	12,292 1,431,836
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		12,292		1,431,836		Tellin be	X	1,444,128
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Leased assets Equipment and other capital		30,023,467 80,616		512,771 -				30,536,238 80,616
assets		2,864,267		11,706	1007			2,875,973
Total capital assets, being depreciated		32,968,350		524,477	1	-	1	33,492,827
Accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Leased assets Equipment and other capital		(16,811,979) (36,557)		(672,130) (16,222)		-		(17,484,109) (52,779)
assets	_	(2,303,868)	WED.	(134,291)	-	<u> 1. 100002-11</u>	_	(2,438,159)
Total accumulated depreciation		(19,152,404)		(822,643)				(19,975,047)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1	13,815,946	M	(298,166)				13,517,780
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	13,828,238	\$	1,133,670	\$		\$	14,961,908
Business-Type Activity Capital assets being depreciated: Equipment and other capital assets	\$	589,090	\$		\$		\$	589,090
Accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and other capital								
assets		(440,175)		(24,137)			_	(464,312)
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$	148,915	\$	(24,137)	\$		\$	124,778
Depreciation was allocated as follows: Governmental activities, operations Business-type activity, food service	\$	822,643 24,137						
Total depreciation expense	\$	846,780						

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

7. Accrued Salaries and Benefits

Accrued salaries and benefits in the General Fund totaling \$2,264,883 represent salaries of \$1,012,374, the District's share of Social Security taxes of \$80,997 for teachers' services during the 2023-2024 school term, which are paid during July and August 2024 and retirement plan expense of \$1,171,512 applicable to the accrued salaries at June 30, 2024.

8. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

At June 30, 2024, the following interfund balances were unpaid:

	Due	From	Due To
General Fund: Capital Project Fund Food Service Fund	\$	784,209 9,888	\$ - 1
Capital Project Fund: General Fund			784,209
Food Service Fund: General Fund		<u> </u>	9,888
Total	\$	794,097	\$ 794,097

Interfund balances primarily arise between the General Fund and Food Service Fund due to payroll expenses being paid out of the General Fund and reimbursed by the Food Service Fund. Interfund balances between General Fund and Capital Projects are for cost paid out of the General Fund for capital projects related to the elementary renovations.

The composition of interfund transfers, used to move cash between funds at June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Tra	Transfers In Trans		nsfers Out
General Fund:	- E	HEXELL	وادواله	I (A)
Capital Project Fund	\$	e ²	\$	107,000
Capital Project Fund:				
General Fund		107,000		-
Total	\$	107,000	\$	107,000

The General Fund transferred \$107,000 to the Capital Projects Fund to provide funding for planned major capital projects.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

9. Compensated Absences

Vacation

District employees who are required to work on a 12-month schedule are credited with vacation at rates which vary with length of service or job classification.

Vacation (for most employee categories) may be taken or accumulated within certain limits and are paid prior to retirement or termination at the employee's current rate of pay.

The liability for compensated absences, including early retirement incentives, recorded in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position (deficit) was \$259,895 at June 30, 2024. The change in the District's compensated absences in 2024 are summarized as follows:

	rernmental ctivities	ness-Type ctivity
Balance, July 1, 2023 Increase Decrease	\$ 264,010 76,405	\$ 3,810 660
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$ (80,520) 259,895	\$ (3,705)

10. Retirement Plan

Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in PSERS include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least one year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of three years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service.

Act 5 of 2017 (Act 5) introduced a hybrid benefit with two membership classes and a separate defined contribution plan for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2019. Act 5 created two new hybrid membership classes, Membership Class T-G (Class T-G) and Membership Class T-H (Class T-H) and the separate defined contribution membership class, Membership Class DC (Class DC). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-G and Class T-H members must work until age 67 with a minimum of three years of credited service. Class T-G may also qualify for normal retirement by attaining a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 97 with a minimum of 35 years of credited service.

Benefits are generally equal to 1% or 2.5%, depending on membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied times the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after 10 years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Member Contributions

The contribution rates based on qualified member compensation for virtually all members are presented below:

Member Contribution Rates					
Membership Class	Continuous Employment Since	Defined Benefit (DB) Contribution Rate	DC Contribution Rate	Total Contribution Rate	
T-C	Prior to July 22, 1983	5.25 %	N/A	5.25 - 6.25 %	
T-C	On or after July 22, 1983	6.25	N/A	6.25	
T-D	Prior to July 22, 1983	6.50	N/A	6.50	
T-D	On or after July 22, 1983	7.50	N/A	7.50 Prior to	
		7.50% base rate with shared risk		7/1/21: 7.50; After	
T-E	On or after July 1, 2011	provision	N/A	7/1/21: 8.00 Prior to 7/1/21: 10.30;	
		10.30% base rate		After	
		with shared risk		7/1/21:	
T-F	On or after July 1, 2011	provision	N/A	10.80 Prior to	
		5.50% base rate with shared risk		7/1/21:8.25; After	
T-G	On or after July 1, 2019	provision	2.75 %	7/1/21: 9.00 Prior to	
		4.50% base rate		7/1/21:7.50;	
		with shared risk		After	
T-H	On or after July 1, 2019	provision	3.00	7/1/21: 8.25	
DC	On or after July 1, 2019	N/A	7.50	7.50	

Shared Risk Program Summary

	Defined		Tellie on the second	Director cover
Membership Class	Benefit (DB) Base Rate	Shared Risk Increment	Minimum	Maximum
T-E	7.50 %	+/- 0.50 %	5.50 %	9.50 %
T-F	10.30	+/- 0.50	8.30	12.30
T-G	5.50	+/- 0.75	2.50	8.50
T-H	4.50	+/- 0.75	1.50	7.50

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was 33.36%* of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to PSERS from the District were \$2,483,874 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$22,421,000 for its proportionate share of the PSERS net pension liability. The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the PSERS total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the PSERS net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported contributions as it relates to the total one-year reported contributions. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.0504%, which was an increase of 0.0009% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,073,000. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,000	\$	307,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		635,000		75
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		383,000		323,000
Change in assumptions		335,000		52
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	- 11	2,483,874		
Total	\$	3,841,874	\$	630,000

\$2,483,874 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

^{*}This includes the defined contribution rate of 0.27% which is an estimated rate.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:		
2025	\$	245,000
2026		(503,000)
2027		773,000
2028	<u> </u>	213,000
Total	\$	728,000

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 (the 2024 measurement date) was determined by rolling forward the PSERS' total pension liability as of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- · Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level percent of pay;
- Investment return 7.00%, includes inflation at 2.50%;
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases;
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree
 Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a
 modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale;
- The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022 and as of June 30, 2023.
- Demographic and economic assumptions approved by the PSERS Board for use effective with the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation:
 - Salary growth rate decreased from 5.00% to 4.50%.
 - Real wage growth and merit or seniority increases (components for salary growth) decreased from 2.75% and 2.25% to 2.50% and 2.00%, respectively.
 - Mortality rates Previously based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. Effective with the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, mortality rates are based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global public equity	30.0 %	5.2 %
Private equity	12.0	7.9
Fixed income	33.0	3.2
Commodities	7.5	2.7
Infrastructure/MLPs	10.0	5.4
Real estate	11.0	5.7
Absolute return	4.0	4.1
Cash	3.0	1.2
Leverage	(10.5)	1.2
	100.0 %	

The above was the PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Di	Current scount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 29,064,000	\$	22,421,000	\$ 16,817,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on the PSERS website at www.psers.pa.gov.

11. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

West Branch Area School District Postemployment Benefits Plan

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The District's single employer defined benefit OPEB plan, West Branch Area School District Postemployment Benefits Plan (the West Branch OPEB Plan), provides postemployment benefits for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. The minimum requirements of the West Branch OPEB Plan are established by Pennsylvania Act 110 of 1988 and Act 43 of 1989. The School Board could choose to improve upon the minimum requirements in the future. The West Branch OPEB Plan is unfunded and no financial report is prepared. The West Branch OPEB Plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

The West Branch OPEB Plan provides the opportunity to purchase postemployment health insurance benefits to employees upon retirement with 30 years of PSERS service or through COBRA. Retired employees are allowed to continue coverage for themselves and their eligible dependents in the group health care plan until the retired employee reaches Medicare age, generally 65, as per their contracts.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	9
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	- × <u>-</u>
Active employees	131
Total	140

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$3,088,579 was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2024.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2024 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Interest rate	4.13%
Salary increases	2.5% cost of living adjustment, 1.5% real wage growth and for teachers and administrators a merit increase which varies by age from 2.75% to 0%
Discount rate	4.13%
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.0% in 2023 with 0.5% decrease per year until 5.5% in 2026. Rates gradually decrease from 5.4% in 2027 to 4.1% in 2075 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	Retiree contributions are assumed to increase at the same rate as the Health Care Cost Trend Rate. However, the first year trend assumption was adjusted to account for short-term rate caps

The discount rate was based on S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index at July 1, 2023.

For mortality tables the PubT-2010 headcount-weighted mortality table including rates for contingent survivors for teachers and for all other employees. Incorporated into the tables are rates projected generationally Scale MP-2021 to reflect mortality improvement.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability			
Balance at July 1, 2023	\$	2,914,474		
Changes for the year: Service cost		130,689		
Interest		121,318		
Changes of assumptions		27,416		
Changes of benefit terms		27,710		
Differences between expected and actual experience		The state of the s		
Benefit payments		(105,318)		
Net changes		174,105		
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	3,088,579		

Changes in assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.06% in 2022 to 4.13% in 2023.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.13%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.13%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (3.13%)	Discount Rate (4.13%)	1% Increase (5.13%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,309,839	\$ 3,088.579	\$ 2,876,422		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	C	1% Decrease	12012	Ithcare Cost end Rates	1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,844,342	\$	3,088,579	\$	3,373,318

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$154,613. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date (July 1, 2023) Change in assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	I I	Deferred nflows of lesources
(July 1, 2023) Change in assumptions	\$	99,486 329,826	\$	808,284 418,002
Total	\$	429,312	\$	1,226,286

\$99,486 reported as deferred outflows of resources, related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the year ending June 30, 2025.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2025	\$ (97,394)
2026	(97,394)
2027	(97,394)
2028	(97,394)
2029	(97,394)
Thereafter	(409,490)
Total	\$ (896,460)

PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

General Information About the PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

PSERS provides Premium Assistance, which is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer OPEB plan for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program (HOP). As of June 30, 2023, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of PSERS can participate in the Premium Assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 ½ or more years of service, or
- · Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and

For Class DC members to become eligible for premium assistance, they must satisfy the following criteria:

- Attain Medicare eligibility with 24½ or more eligibility points, or
- Have 15 or more eligibility points and terminated after age 67, and
- Have received all or part of their distributions.

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was .64% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$48,041 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$908,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.0502%, which was an increase of 0.0008% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$29,000. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes in assumptions	\$	78,000	\$	172,000	
Net differences between projected and actual investment					
earnings		2,000		•	
Changes in proportion		26,000		26,000	
Differences between expected and actual experience		6,000		9,000	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	48,041		0.19	
	\$	160,041	\$	207,000	

\$48,041 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2025	\$ (19,000)
2026	(20,000)
2027	(27,000)
2028	(29,000)
Total	\$ (95,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2023 (the measurement date), was determined by rolling forward PSERS's Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level percent of pay;
- Investment return 4.13% S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate;
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases;
- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year;

- Assumed Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year;
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree
 Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a
 modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale;
- Participation rate:
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre age 65 at 50%
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post age 65 at 70%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five year period ending June 30, 2020.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2023;
- Cost method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date;
- Asset valuation method: Market Value:
- Participation rate: The actual data for retirees benefiting under the Plan as of June 30, 2021 was used in lieu of the 63% utilization assumption for eligible retirees;
- Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

	OPEB - Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash		100.0 %	1.2 %

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 4.13%. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short-term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 4.09% which represents the S&P 20 year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2023, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of PSERS Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2023, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

The following presents PSERS net OPEB liability for June 30, 2024, calculated using current Healthcare cost trends as well as what PSERS net OPEB liability would be if health cost trends were 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Healthcare Trends Cost	1% Increase		
PSERS Net OPEB Liability		\$ 908,000	\$ 908,000	\$ 908,000	

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.13%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.13%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.13%) than the current rate:

	Decrease (3.13%)	count Rate (4.13%)	1% increase (5.13%)		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,027,000	\$ 908,000	\$	809,000	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on PSERS website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

12. Long-Term Debt

The changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

		Balance uly 1, 2023			Reductions		Balance June 30, 2024		Current Portion	
General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2023 General Obligation Note, Series of 2021	\$	99,950 4,771,000	\$	9,785,050	\$	(5,000) (990,000)	\$	9,880,000 3,781,000	\$	5,000 1,006,000
Total debt		4,870,950		9,785,050		(995,000)		13,661,000	\$	1,011,000
Bond premium				111,891		(4,476)	1	107,415		
Total long-term debt	\$	4,870,950	\$	9,896,941	\$	(999,476)	\$	13,768,415		
Long-term debt at June 3 \$9,885,000 General varying annual inst	Oblig allme	gation Bonds ents through	s, Se Ma	eries of 2023	, due					
rates ranging from \$6,880,000 General varying annual inst rate of 1.22%.	Oblig	jation Note,	Seri					880,000 781,000		
Total							13,	661,000		
Current portion							1,0	011,000		
Long-term d	ebt					\$	12,	650,000		

Debt service requirements at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	24 B	Principal	Interest	Total		
2025	\$	1,011,000	\$ 444,078	\$	1,455,078	
2026		1,023,000	431,555		1,454,555	
2027		1,036,000	418,885		1,454,885	
2028		499,000	401,629		900,629	
2029		522,000	390,141		912,141	
2030-2034		2.025,000	1,735,189		3,760,189	
2035-2039		2,235,000	1,337,600		3,572,600	
2040-2044		2.715,000	853,400		3,568,400	
2045-2048		2,595,000	 264,800		2,859,800	
Total	\$	13,661,000	\$ 6,277,277	\$	19,938,277	

13. Lessee - Lease Liability

Governmental Activities

Lease Liability Description	Date of Issue	Final Maturity Interest Rates	riginal btedness	B	alance
Copiers	March 2021 - February 2026	2.0	\$ 80,616	\$	27,837
Debt service	requirements to maturity for govern Years	mental activities are Principal	ows:		Total
Debt service 2025 2026				\$	Total 17,136 11,424

14. Fund Balance Classifications

The District presents its governmental fund balances by level of constraint in the aggregate on its balance sheet - governmental funds. The individual specific purposes of each constraint are presented below:

		General Fund	Сар	ital Projects Fund	onmajor Funds		Total
Restricted for:							
Dental care	\$	28,613	\$	THE THE	\$ _	\$	28,613
Compensatory Fund		17,728		-			17,728
Student activities		4,683		-	42,285		46,968
Capital projects	2.31		= 3	8,389,763			8,389,763
Total	\$	51,024	\$	8,389,763	\$ 42,285	\$	8,483,072
Committed for: PSERS and future building projects	\$	9,055,963	\$		\$ 	\$_	9,055,963
Assigned for:							
Athletics	\$	14,760	\$	-	\$ -	\$	14,760
Music		10,234		-	-		10,234
Vehicle		9,100			3		9,100
Total	\$	34,094	\$		\$ 	\$	34,094

15. Nonmonetary Transactions

The District receives USDA Donated Commodities in the enterprise (food service) fund, which is a proprietary fund type. These donated commodities are valued at an estimated market value and recognized as federal revenue with unused commodities recorded as inventory. The total food commodities donated by the federal government was \$52,527 and the amount used by the District for fiscal year 2024 totaled \$45,668.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

16. Pending Changes in Accounting Principles

The GASB has approved the following:

Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures

Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements

Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets

District management is in the process of evaluating these standards. When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

17. Accounting Changes

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, changes within the District's financial reporting entity resulted in adjustments to modify certain beginning fund balances, as follows, in recognition of the Capital Project Fund achieving major fund status during fiscal 2024 as a result of increased activity:

	(as Pre	30, 2023 eviously orted)	F	nged Within inancial orting Entity	e 30, 2023 Adjusted)
Governmental Funds: Capital Projects Fund (major fund)	\$) i i	\$	108,631	\$ 108,631
Nonmajor governmental funds		140,729		(108,631)	32,098

18. Contingencies and Commitments

Contingencies

The District participates in both state and federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The District is potentially liable for any expenditure which may be disallowed pursuant to the terms of these grant programs. Management is not aware of any material items of noncompliance that may result in the disallowance of program expenditures.

Commitments

During April 2024, the District entered into a Guaranteed Energy Savings Agreement not to exceed \$1,700,000 for upgrades to the boiler/boiler system and the automated temperature control system.

19. Subsequent Event

The District issued its General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2024 in the amount of \$14,865,000 on July 17, 2024, for the purpose of capital projects consisting of the design, construction of additions and renovations to the elementary school and other capital projects and to pay the cost of issuing the bonds.

In December 2024, the District awarded a construction contract in the amount of \$15,476,509 for its elementary school alterations and additions project. The District also in December 2024 approved a Guaranteed Energy Savings Agreement - Amendment 1 not to exceed the lump sum cost of \$13,300,000 for select upgrades to the elementary school and includes complete plumbing, HVAC and electrical renovations/upgrades to the school.



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of West Branch Area School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Branch Area School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 12, 2025. In our report, an emphasis of matter paragraph was included, as more fully described in Notes 1 and 17 to the financial statements, to address the District's adoption of a new accounting principle. Our report was not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and another deficiency that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Baker Tilly Advisory Group, LP and Baker Tilly US, LLP, trading as Baker Tilly, are members of the global network of Baker Tilly International Ltd., the members of which are separate and independent legal entities. Baker Tilly US, LLP is a licensed CPA firm that provides assurance services to its clients. Baker Tilly Advisory Group, LP and its subsidiary entities provide tax and consulting services to their clients and are not licensed CPA firms.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

State College, Pennsylvania

Baker Tilly US, LLP

May 12, 2025



Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of West Branch Area School District

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited West Branch Area School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-003. Our opinion on the major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify a deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-003, to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures the District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

State College, Pennsylvania May 12, 2025

Baker Tilly US, LLP

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0504%	0.0495%		0.0502%	0.0506%	0 04989	% 0.0507% A		0.0483%	0.0497%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 22,421,000	\$ 22,007,000	\$ 20,898,000	\$ 24,718,000	\$ 23,672,000	\$ 23,906,000	\$ 25,040,000	\$ 24,485,000	\$ 20,928,000	\$ 19,672,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7.695,405	\$ 7,257,164	67	\$ 7,043,818	\$ 6,982,061	\$ 6,707,140	\$ 7,135,076	\$ 6,944,054	\$ 6,220,527	\$ 6,207,421
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability										
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll PSERS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	291.36%	303.25%	289.98%	350.92%	339.04%	356.43%	350.94%	352.60%	336.43%	316.91%
of the total pension labity	61.85%	61.34%	63.67%	54.32%	25.66%	24.00%	51.84%	50.14%	54.36%	57.24%

West Branch Area School District Schedule of the District's PSERS Pension Contributions (Unaudited) Years Ended June 30

Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 2,483,874	The second second second	64	\$ 2,450,612 \$ 2,388,523 \$ 2,334,038 \$ 2,278,068 \$ 2,333,974 \$ 1,963,067 \$ 1,596,249 \$ 1,251,279	\$ 2,334,038	\$ 2,278,068	\$ 2,333,974	\$ 1,963,067		\$ 1,596,249
contractually required contribution	(2,483,6/4)	(2,342,362)	1	(2,306,523)	(4,534,030)	(5,270,000)	(2,333,974)		,100,000,	(2,450,012) (4,360,022) (4,350,030) (2,210,000) (4,500,314)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	У	· ·	5		4 69	· w	69	49		6
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,695,405	\$ 7,257,164	\$ 7,206,581	\$ 7,043,818	\$ 6,982,061	\$ 6,707,140	\$ 7,135,076	8 6,9	44,054	\$ 7,206,581 \$ 7,043,818 \$ 6,982,061 \$ 6,707,140 \$ 7,135,076 \$ 6,944,054 \$ 6,220,527 \$ 6,207,421
contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	32.28%	35.04%	34.01%	33.91%	33.43%	33.96%	32.71%		28.27%	28.27% 25.66%

West Branch Area School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS Net OPEB Liability (Unaudited)
Years Ended June 30

		2024		2023	2022		2021		2020	2019	19	2018		2017
District's proportion of the net OPE8 liability District's proportionate share of the net OPE8 liability District's covered-employee payroll	69	0.0502% 908,000 7,695,405	69	0.0494% 909,000 7,257,164	\$ 12	0.0508% 1.205,000 7,206,581	0.0502% \$ 1,085,000 7,043,818		0.0506% \$ 1,076,000 \$ 6,982,061	8.	0.0498% \$ 1,038,000 \$ 6,707,140	0.0507% \$ 1,033,000 \$ 7,135,076	es - 0	0.0494% \$ 1.064,000 6.944,054
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		11.80%		12.53%		16.72%	7,	15.40%	15.41%		15.48%	14.48%		15.32%
PSERS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		7.22%		6.86%		5.30%	ιń	5.69%	5.56%		5.56%	5.73%		5.47%

Note: Data is not available for years prior to June 30, 2017

West Branch Area School District Schedule of the Districts PSERS OPEB Contributions (Unaudited) Years Ended June 30

	2024		2023		2022	20	121	110	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 48,041	69	55,266	69	\$ 57,425	es.	\$ 58,136	69	58,613	69	58,613 \$ 58,000	49	\$ 61,025 \$ 55,799 \$ 53,634 \$	69	55,799	69	53,634	s	54,934
contractually required contribution	(48,041)		(55,266)		(57,425)	(58,136)	(58,136)		(58,613)	Yell Jan	(58,000)		(61,025) (55,799)		(55,799)		(53,634)		(54,934)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	s,	69		69	1	es.	1	49		49		69		69		69		S	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,695,405 \$ 7,257,164	69	7,257,164	69	7,206,581	\$ 7,0	143,818	69	6,982,061	69	\$ 7,206,581 \$ 7,043,818 \$ 6,982,061 \$ 6,707,140 \$ 7,135,076 \$ 6,944,054 \$ 6,220,527 \$ 6,207,421	69	7,135,076	69	5,944,054	€9	5,220,527	6	207,421
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.62%		0.76%		0.80%		0.83%		0.84%		0.86%		0.86%		0.80%		0.86%		0.88%

West Branch Area School District Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - District Plan (Unaudited) Years Ended June 30

		2024	2023	2022	Ī	2021		2020		2019	110	2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost	49	130,689	\$ 239,657	\$ 235,341	74	202,483	49	197,025	69	211,358	69	208,818
Interest cost		121,318	93,981	74,813	313	114,984		98,787		102,604		75,878
Changes of benefit terms			1			•		•		(154,405)		
Differences between expected and actual experience		•	(442,143)			(70,653)		•		(18,298)		*
Changes of assumptions		27,416	(811,756)	(116,587	(282)	413,470		(97,166)		8,501		54,172
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(105,318)	(103,809)	(91,366)	(99)	(95,108)		(99,155)		(97.820)		(125,780)
Net change in total OPEB liability		174,105	(1,024,070)	102,201	101	565,176		99,491		51,940		213,088
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning	1	2,914,474	3,938,544	3,836,343	43	3,271,167		3,171,676	6	3,119,736		2,906,648
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	69	3,088,579	\$ 2,914,474	\$ 3,938,544		\$ 3,836,343	69	\$ 3,271,167	e9	\$ 3,171,676	49	\$ 3,119,736
Covered-Employee Payroll	69	6,919,435	\$ 6,919,435	\$ 6,802,828		\$ 6,802,828	69	6,575,889	69 69	6,575,889	49	\$ 7,113,089
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		44.64%	42.12%	57.8	27.90%	56.39%		49.74%		48.23%		43.86%

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 during its year ended June 30, 2018, Information prior to 2018 year is not available.

Note:

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 3.13% in 2018 to 2.98% in 2019 to 3.36% in 2020 to 1.86% in 2021 to 2.28% in 2022 to 4.06% percent in 2023 to 4.13% in 2024. The trend assumption was updated. Assumptions for salary, mortality, withdrawal and retirement were updated based on new PSERS assumptions.

General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2024

Revenues	
Local sources:	
Taxation:	
Current taxation:	
Real estate	\$ 4,248,744
Earned income tax	880,568
Payments in lieu of taxes	49,167
Public utility realty tax	4,627
Real estate transfers	150,317
A Court of C	
Total current taxation	5,333,423
	400.004
Delinquent taxation	168,024
Total from taxation	5,501,447
Earnings from temporary investments and deposits	553,876
Receipts from other LEA's	201,870
IDEA	237,975
Athletic admissions	31,090
Miscellaneous revenue	169,331
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
Total local sources	6,695,589
State sources:	
Basic instructional subsidy	8,537,497
Vocation	62,799
Private placement	10,899
Drivers education	1,260
Special education	1,004,047
Transportation	1,144,775
Rental and sinking fund payments	43,268
Medical and dental services	10,512
Supplemental reimbursement	356,305
Social Security subsidy	370,017
Retirement subsidy	1,801,549
Other state grants	414,754
Total state sources	13,757,682
Federal sources:	
ECIA Title I	507,391
Title II	29,044
Title IV	31,059
ESSER	1,217,521
Medical access	1,181
Total federal sources	1,786,196
Total revenues	\$ 22,239,467

West Branch Area School District

General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance (Unaudited)
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Expenditures	
Instruction:	
Regular programs	\$ 8,089,580
Special programs	3,361,772
Vocational education programs	825,501
Pre-Kindergarten	268,401
Other instructional programs	50,742
Total instruction	12,595,996
Support services:	
Pupil personnel	585,027
Instructional staff	495,414
Administration	1,113,031
Pupil health	468,395
Business	326,394
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,867,405
Student transportation	1,231,685
Central	237,086
Total support services	6,324,437
Noninstructional services	504,919
Facilities acquisition, construction and improvement services	42,096
Debt service	1,368,448
Total expenditures	20,835,896
Excess of revenues over expenditures before other financing uses	1,403,571
Other Financing Uses	
Transfer out	(107,000)
Net change in fund balance	1,296,571
Fund Balances, Beginning	9,921,556
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 11,218,127

West Branch Area School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2024

U.S. Department of Education Passed Through Pennsylvania Department of Education: Tile Coante by Acas Education department of Education	Source	Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Grantors Number	Grant Period Code	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for Year	Adjustments *	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2023	Revenue	Expenditures	(Deferred) Revenue at June, 30 2024	Expenditures to Subrecipients
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	-	84.010 84.010	013-240469	< ω	\$ 339,069 396,736	\$ 90,556	•	\$ (71.103)	\$ 339,069	\$ 339,069	\$ 248,513	w.
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies						187,775		(71,103)	507,391	507,391	248,513	The second
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants		84.367	020-240469	≪ ∞	32,313	8,583 15,975		15.975	29,044	29,044	20,461	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants						24,558	Stranger St.	15,975	29.044	29.044	20,461	is year
Student Support and Academic Enfethment Program Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program		84.424	144-240469	< 10	31,059	8,282		1,636	31,059	31,059	22.777	
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program						9,918	A COLUMN	1,636	31,059	31,059	22,777	
COVID-19 - ARP - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund COVID-19 - CARES/Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund COVID-19 - ARP - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund		84,425U 84,425D 84,425U	223-210469 200-210469 225-210469	444	3,320,231 1,641,476 258,057	1,026,253 114,522 37,535	(87,519) 24,077	224,152 16,169 37,535	1,191,459	1,191,459	301,839	
COVID-19 - ARP - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Kellel - Homeless Children & Youth		84,425W	181-212472	4	32,270				15,228	15,228	15,228	
Total Education Stabilization Funds						1,178,310	(63,442)	277,856	1,280,963	1.280.963	317,067	松月日本
Total Pennsylvania Department of Education						1,400,561	(63,442)	224,364	1,848,457	1,848,457	608,818	
Passed Through Central Intermediate Unit 10: Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education Grants to States	3 -	84.027	062-240010	<	250,873				250,873	250,873	250,873	
Special Education Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants Special Education Preschool Grants		84.027 84.173	062-230010 131-23-0010 062-220010		5,110	258,441		18.009	5,110	5,110	5,110	o de la companya della companya della companya de la companya della companya dell
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)						276,450		276,450	255,983	255,983	255,983	(のなっている)
Total U.S. Department of Education						1,677 011	(63,442)	500,814	2,104,440	2,104,440	864,801	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Pennsylvania Department of Education: COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	_	10,649	358-0000	4	Note 3	653			653	653		
Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed Through PA Department of Education: National School Lunch Program School Breakfast Program COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	100	10.555 10.553 10.553	362-0000 365-0000 356-0000	444	Note 3 Note 3 Note 3	368.267 130,388 26,407		(12,410)	368,267 130,388 38,817	368,267 130,388 38,817		
Passed Through Pernsylvania Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program	-	10,555	2-05-17-900	4	Note 3	52,527		(6,180)	45,668	45,668	(13,039)	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster						577,589	100000	(18,590)	583,140	583,140	(13.039)	100 SEC 300
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture						578,242		(18,590)	583,793	583,793	(13,039)	No. of the last
Total expenditures of federal awards						\$ 2,255,253	\$ (63,442)	\$ 482,224	\$ 2,688,233	\$ 2,688,233	\$ 851,762	5

^{*} Adjustments relate to revisions the District made to ESSER expenditure accounting in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) presents the federal award activity of West Branch Area School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Because the Schedule presents only a select portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for the Child Nutrition Cluster and the modified accrual basis of accounting for all remaining programs. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

3. National School Lunch Program

The program amount for the National School Lunch Program is based on a set per meal reimbursement rate.

4. Source Code and Grant Period Codes

Source code used in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is as follows:

I = Indirect funding

Grant period codes used in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are as follows:

A = 07/01/23 - 6/30/24

B = 07/01/22 - 06/30/23

5. Access Reimbursements

Access reimbursements for direct medical services are classified as fee-for-service revenues and are not considered federal awards for purposes of the Single Audit, and are thus not reported on the Schedule. The District's General Fund federal revenues include \$1,181 of access reimbursements for direct medical services.

6. Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements		
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAA	AP: Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	X yes X yes	no none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	X_no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over the major federal program: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes X yes	X no none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for the major federal program:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Xyes	no
Identification of major federal program:		
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Pr	ogram or Cluster
84.425	Education Stabiliza	tion Funds
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yes	no

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2024-001: Internal Control Over Financial Reporting - Nonattest Services - Material Weakness - Repeat of Prior Year Finding 2023-001

Criteria: Internal control is a process which captures and records transactions, safeguards your assets and assures compliance with laws and regulations. One critical element of internal control includes preparation and review and approval of reconciliations and year-end adjusting entries to ensure the books and records appropriately reflect the current year activities.

Condition/Context: As part of our audit of the District's financial statements, there were certain bookkeeping adjustments that were precipitated by the audit process. Such adjustments increased in both number and dollar value as compared with fiscal 2023. While we are pleased to provide these services, you understand that you are responsible for the District's internal control over financial reporting, which included:

- Proposed adjustments to real estate taxes receivable, allowance for uncollectable taxes, and unearned real estate tax revenue
- Proposed adjustments to interfund activity (Due to/from and transfers between General Fund and Capital Projects Fund)
- Proposed adjustments to state and federal grants and receivables/unearned revenue
- Proposed adjustments to other balance sheet and income statement accounts

Cause: The District has individuals with the skills, knowledge and expertise to perform these activities in-house. However, the transition within the Business Office at the end of June 30, 2023 and the change in accounting software format, affected the District's ability to close the 2023/2024 fiscal year in an accurate and timely manner.

Effect: The fact that you have requested our technical assistance with the above-mentioned tasks, which are a normal and required component of internal control over financial reporting, constitutes a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting.

Recommendation: As management continues to acclimate itself to the District's processes and accounting software, we recommend working with the external auditors to gain a more thorough understanding of the types of adjustments that were proposed and incorporating these concepts into its year-end closing process going forward.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: Management agrees and is working to ensure the above tasks are completed internally. It is noted that there has been progress in this area over the past several months as the new business manager has become more acclimated with the software and processes.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2024

Finding 2024-002: Internal Control Over Financial Reporting - Grant Financial Reporting - Significant Deficiency

Criteria: The tracking and matching of grant revenues and expenditures and the related grant receivable amounts is essential in preparing the District's Schedule of Expenditures and Federal Awards (SEFA).

Condition/Context: The District's system of tracking its grants was not fully adjusted at the time of the audit and the SEFA had not been completed in order to determine the total amount of grant expenditures as of June 30, 2024.

Cause: The District has individuals with the skills, knowledge and expertise to perform these activities in-house. However, the transition within the Business Office at the end of June 30, 2023 and the change in accounting software format, affected the District's ability to close the fiscal year in a timely manner and prepare a complete and accurate SEFA.

Effect: The District did not prepare a complete and accurate SEFA.

Recommendation: As management continues to acclimate itself to the District's processes and accounting software, we recommend working with the external auditors to gain a more thorough understanding on the preparation of the SEFA going forward.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: Management agrees and working to ensure grant reporting is complete in order to prepare the SEFA going forward. It is noted that there has been progress in this area over the past several months as the new business manager has become more acclimated with the software and processes.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2024-003: Internal Control Over Financial Reporting - Grant Financial Reporting - Significant Deficiency

Criteria: The tracking and matching of grant revenues and expenditures and the related grant receivable amounts is essential in preparing the District's Schedule of Expenditures and Federal Awards (SEFA).

Condition/Context: The District's system of tracking its grants was not fully adjusted at the time of the audit and the SEFA had not been completed in order to determine the total amount of grant expenditures as of June 30, 2024.

Cause: The District has individuals with the skills, knowledge and expertise to perform these activities in-house. However, the transition within the Business Office at the end of June 30, 2023 and the change in the accounting software format, affected the District's ability to close the fiscal year in a timely manner and prepare a complete and accurate SEFA.

Effect: The District did not prepare a complete and accurate SEFA.

Recommendation: As management continues to acclimate itself to the District's processes and accounting software, we recommend working with the external auditors to gain a more thorough understanding on the preparation of the SEFA going forward.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: Management agrees and working to ensure grant reporting is complete in order to prepare the SEFA going forward. It is noted that there has been progress in this area over the past several months as the new business manager has become more acclimated with the software and processes.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section IV - Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

Finding 2023-001: Internal Control Over Financial Reporting - Nonattest Services - Significant Deficiency

Criteria: Internal control is a process which captures and records transactions, safeguards your assets and assures compliance with laws and regulations. One critical element of internal control includes preparation and review and approval of reconciliations and year-end adjusting entries to ensure the books and records appropriately reflect the current year activities.

Condition/Context: As part of our audit of the District's financial statements, there were certain bookkeeping adjustments that were precipitated by the audit process. While we are pleased to provide these services, you understand that you are responsible for the District's internal control over financial reporting, which included:

- Proposed adjustments to real estate taxes receivable, allowance for uncollectable taxes, and unearned real estate tax revenue
- Proposed adjustments to state and federal grants and receivables/unearned revenue
- Proposed adjustments to other balance sheet and income statement accounts

Recommendation: We recommend that management give consideration to performing the above tasks internally.

Status: See current year finding 2024-001; this finding was elevated to a material weakness in fiscal 2024.