

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

June 30, 2023

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of West Branch Area School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Branch Area School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the General Fund budgetary comparison for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The General Fund - schedule of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balance (pages 61-62) and the combining nonmajor governmental funds financial statements (pages 63-64) have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not expresses an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

State College, Pennsylvania

Baker Tilly US, LLP

January 29, 2024



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Mark Mitchell, Superintendent

Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2023

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of West Branch Area School District (the District) provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion is to review the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements to enhance the reader's understanding of the District's financial performance.

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments* issued June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

Total net position (deficit) of the District at the close of the most recent fiscal year was \$(4,837,574). The capital projects fund restricted fund balance in the amount of \$108,631 remains from the costs of short-term improvements to the District's facilities.

The District's total net position improved by \$2,546,991. Net position of governmental activities improved by \$2,545,570 while net position of the business-type activity improved by \$1,421.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$10,062,285, an improvement of \$1,324,268 from the prior year. \$1,680,944 of this amount is available for spending at the District's discretion (General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance) while \$108,631 of this amount must be used for capital projects in accordance with Section 1432 of the Municipal Code. The District has also restricted \$32,098 for student activities and scholarships. The District has committed \$8,049,800 of the General Fund Balance for future costs of contributions to the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and for future capital projects. The District has assigned \$58,231 for athletics and band uniforms. The District also has \$132,581 of restricted funds related to a special education compensatory fund, and for future dental insurance costs.

At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,680,944, or 8% of the 2023-2024 total budgeted General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: management discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and the required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements, the statement of net position (deficit) and the statement of activities. These provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

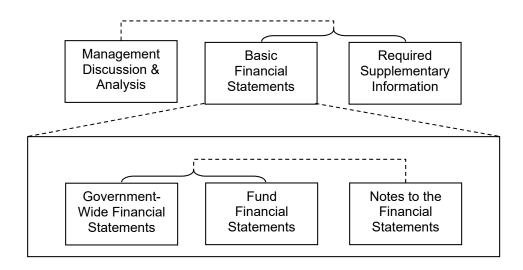
The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. The governmental fund statements tell how general District services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates similar to business in the private sector, which for the District is the Food Service Fund.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of the Financial Section are arranged and relate to one another:

Figure A-1

Required Components of the District's Financial Report



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2
Major Features of the District's
Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Statements			
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds		
Scope	Entire District	ntire District The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as education, administration and student activities			
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position (Deficit), Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet, Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	Balance Sheet, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position, Statement of Cash Flows		
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets, capital assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, capital leases, and short & long-term notes	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long term debt included	All assets, capital assets, liabilities, capital leases, and short & long-term notes		
Type of Inflow - Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during the year; regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenue for which cash is received during or after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year; regardless of when cash is received or paid		

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position (deficit) includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position (deficit) and how it has changed. Net position (deficit), the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, are one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position (deficit) are indications of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes to the District's property tax base and the performance of the students.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are divided into two categories:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> - All of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, administration and student activities. Property taxes and state and federal subsidies as well as grants finance most of these activities.

<u>Business-Type Activities</u> - The District operates a food service program and charges fees to staff, students and visitors to help cover the costs of operation.

Fund Financial Statements

The District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required by law and by bond issue requirements.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's activities are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governments activities (reported in the statement of net position (deficit) and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the District's activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector; or where the reporting is on determining net income, financial position, changes in the financial position and a significant portion of funding is received through user charges. When the District charges customers for services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units in the District - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The Food Service Fund is the District's proprietary fund and is the same as the business-type activity we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The District's Total Net Position (Deficit) was *negative* (\$4,837,574) at June 30, 2023 as compared to *negative* (\$7,384,565) at June 30, 2022. Table A-1 provides a condensed comparison of the years.

The District does not operate its own pension plan, but is a mandatory participant in the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS). Each year PSERS calculates its own Net Pension Liability and assigns a portion of this Net Pension Liability to the participating employers.

Of the District's (\$4,837,574) in net position (deficit), \$9,062,144 is invested in capital assets (buildings, land, land improvements and equipment, net of related debt). The remaining net position (deficit) is a combination of restricted and unrestricted amounts. The District has the following balances as of June 30, 2023: \$299,414 is restricted for the Capital Projects, Dental Care and Compensatory Fund. The remaining negative (\$14,199,132) is unrestricted.

Table A-1
Net Position (Deficit) (Government-Wide)
Fiscal Year Ended June 30

		2023					2022		
	Governmental Activities	siness-Type Activity	Total	G	overnmental Activities	Bus	siness-Type Activity		Total
Assets Current and other assets Noncurrent assets	\$ 13,140,421 13,828,238	\$ 417,217 148,915	\$ 13,557,638 13,977,153	\$	12,131,776 14,457,297	\$	395,300 172,601	\$	12,527,076 14,629,898
Total assets	26,968,659	566,132	27,534,791		26,589,073		567,901		27,156,974
Deferred Outflows	3,996,541	17,258	 4,013,799		4,520,116		20,294		4,540,410
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 30,965,200	\$ 583,390	\$ 31,548,590	\$	31,109,189	\$	588,195	\$	31,697,384
Liabilities Current liabilities Long-term liabilities:	\$ 2,611,655	\$ 45,703	\$ 2,657,358	\$	2,806,729	\$	48,373	\$	2,855,102
Due within one year Due after one year	1,011,222 29,898,626	 - 103,455	 1,011,222 30,002,081		1,094,090 31,056,151		98,785		1,094,090 31,154,936
Total liabilities	33,521,503	149,158	 33,670,661	_	34,956,970		147,158	_	35,104,128
Deferred Inflows	2,707,125	8,378	 2,715,503		3,961,217		16,604		3,977,821
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital									
assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	8,913,229 273,310 (14,449,967)	148,915 26,104 250,835	9,062,144 299,414 (14,199,132)		8,548,148 256,190 (16,613,336)		172,601 - 251,832		8,720,749 256,190 (16,361,504)
Total net position (deficit)	(5,263,428)	425,854	(4,837,574)		(7,808,998)		424,433		(7,384,565)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position (deficit)	\$ 30,965,200	\$ 583,390	\$ 31,548,590	\$	31,109,189	\$	588,195	\$	31,697,384

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the statement of activities. All expenses are reported in the first column. Specific charges, grants, revenues and subsidies that directly relate to specific expense categories are represented to determine the final amount of the District's activities that are supported by other general revenues. The two largest general revenues are the Basic Education Subsidy provided by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the local taxes assessed to community taxpayers.

Table A-2 takes the information from the statement of activities and rearranges it slightly so you can see the total revenues for the year.

Table A-2
Statement of Activities (Government-Wide)
Fiscal Year Ended June 30

		2023				2022																						
	Governmental Activities	ness-Type activity	_	Total	G	overnmental Activities		iness-Type Activity		Total																		
Revenues																												
Program revenues:																												
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 31,158	\$ 180,367	\$	211,525	\$	29,610	\$	111,836	\$	141,446																		
contributions General revenues:	7,434,769	549,224		7,983,993		7,501,848		788,231		8,290,079																		
General taxes Grants, subsidies and contributions,	5,246,430	-		5,246,430		5,246,430		5,246,430		5,246,430		5,246,430		5,246,430		5,246,430		5,246,430		5,246,430		5,246,430		5,195,716		-		5,195,716
unrestricted	8,027,982	_		8.027.982		7,749,874	74 -			7.749.874																		
Other	300,906	 5,583		306,489		131,444		45		131,489																		
Total revenues	21,041,245	 735,174		21,776,419		20,608,492		900,112		21,508,604																		
Expenses																												
Instruction Instructional student	10,956,789	-		10,956,789		11,228,596		-		11,228,596																		
support	1,571,169	-		1,571,169		1,471,204		-		1,471,204																		
Administration and																												
financial support Operation and	1,467,046	-		1,467,046		1,454,330		-		1,454,330																		
maintenance of plant	2,642,666	_		2,642,666		2,738,206		-		2,738,206																		
Pupil transportation	1,189,585	-		1,189,585		1,027,495		_		1,027,495																		
Student activities	600,786	-		600,786		536,515		-		536,515																		
Interest of long-term debt	67,634	-		67,634		84,998		-		84,998																		
Food services		 733,753		733,753				694,310		694,310																		
Total expenses	18,495,675	 733,753		19,229,428		18,541,344		694,310		19,235,654																		
Increase (decrease)																												
in net position	\$ 2,545,570	\$ 1,421	\$	2,546,991	\$	2,067,148	\$	205,802	\$	2,272,950																		

Operating grants decreased in the current year \$306,086 compared to the prior year. This was due to the various stimulus packages enacted by the federal government coming to completion. Other revenue increased in the current year by \$175,000 compared to the prior year. This was due to the banks interest rates increasing due to the market prime rate increasing which led to better returns for the District.

All expense categories remained comparable to the prior year as there were no major changes in operations at the District or any large construction projects occurring.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Tables A-3 and **A-4** below present the expenses of both the Governmental Activities and the Business-Type Activity of the District.

Table A-3 shows the District's seven largest functions - instructional programs, instructional student support, administrative, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, student activities and interest of long-term debt as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). This table shows the net costs offset by other unrestricted grants, subsidies and contributions to show the remaining financial needs supported by local taxes and other miscellaneous revenues.

Table A-3Governmental Activities
Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	20	23		2022					
	Total Cost f Services		Net Cost of Services		Fotal Cost of Services		Net Cost f Services		
Functions/Programs									
Instruction	\$ 10,956,789	\$	5,027,130	\$	11,228,596	\$	4,818,909		
Instruction student support	1,571,169		1,557,011		1,471,204		1,460,400		
Administration and financial									
support	1,467,046		1,467,046		1,454,330		1,454,330		
Operation and maintenance									
of plant	2,642,666		2,642,666		2,738,206		2,738,206		
Pupil transportation	1,189,585		368,423		1,027,495		280,264		
Student activities	600,786		168,859		536,515		441,583		
Interest of long-term debt	 67,634		(201,387)		84,998		(183,806)		
Total governmental									
activities	\$ 18,495,675		11,029,748	\$	18,541,344		11,009,886		
Less unrestricted grants and subsidies			(8,027,982)				(7,749,874)		
Subsidies			(0,027,902)				(1,149,014)		
Total		\$	3,001,766			\$	3,260,012		

Table A-4 reflects the activities of the Food Service program, the only Business-Type Activity of the District.

Table A-4Business-Type Activity
Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	20	23		2022						
	otal Cost Services		et Cost Services		otal Cost Services	Net Cost of Services				
Functions/Programs Food services Investment earnings	\$ 733,753	\$	4,162 (5,583)	\$	694,310	\$	(205,757) (45)			
Total		\$	(1,421)			\$	(205,802)			

The statement of revenues, expenses and change in net position for this proprietary fund will further detail the actual results of operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the Government Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a district's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,062,285 which is an increase of \$1,324,268 (15.2%) from the prior year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,680,944. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the General Fund's unassigned fund balance to total budgeted expenditures of the next fiscal year. The unassigned fund balance represents 8% of the 2023-2024 budgeted expenditures, which is in line with the Government Finance Officers Association recommended range. During the fiscal year, the District's General Fund total fund balances increased by \$1,239,905. Key factors that contributed to this increase were as follows:

Revenues:

Overall, the District received 106% of the budgeted revenues. Local and state revenues were greater than budgeted, while federal revenues were less than budgeted.

Expenditures:

Most expenditures were in line or under budget with respect to the budgetary functions. The major exceptions to this are the following:

Operations and maintenance of plant services was \$191,859 more than budgeted.

Student transportation services was \$127,499 more than budgeted.

Central was \$89,488 more than budgeted.

Student activities was \$147,396 more than budgeted.

Overall, the District expended 97% of the budgeted expenditures.

Significant budget variances are addressed at Table A-5 and the narrative that follows.

The District also operated a Capital Projects Fund which is authorized under Section 1432 of the Municipal Code. Expenditures from this fund are limited to: capital improvements, replacement of and additions to public works and improvements, for deferred maintenance thereof, and for the purchase or the replacement of school buses, and for no other purpose.

The District's Capital Projects total fund balance was \$108,631 at June 30, 2023. It increased by \$91,474 over the prior year. The District will allocate the majority of these funds for a new project within the guidelines of Section 1432 in the near future.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

General Fund Budget

During the fiscal year, the District Board of Directors (the Board) may authorize revisions to the original budget to accommodate differences from the original budget to the actual expenditures of the District. All adjustments are again confirmed after the Annual Financial Report (AFR) is substantially completed, which is after the end of the fiscal year, as permitted by state law. A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with the amounts actually paid and received is provided on page 22 of the financial statements. There were no revisions to the original budget in the current fiscal year.

The District applies for federal, state and local grants and these grants cannot always be anticipated during the budget process. If additional grants are received during the year, these grants are added to the revenue and expenditure budgets.

The Budgetary Reserve is used for opportunities or expenditures for improvements and enhancements to District operations that were unforeseen at the time the budget was adopted. The budget called for the use of \$566,777 from the budgetary reserve for the 2022-2023 school year. The 2022-2023 actual results added \$1,291,905 to the budgetary reserve before transfers.

Significant Budget Variances

Table A-5 reflects the Budget Variances for both Revenues and Expenditures. In an effort to reduce the need for an increased local tax effort, revenues are budgeted conservatively, while expenditures are budgeted aggressively. An explanation of the differences is stated below.

Table A-5
General Fund
Actual to Budget Variances
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Budgeted Amount	Actual Amount		Difference		Actual as % of Budget	
Revenues							
6000 Local sources	\$ 5,716,575	\$	6,340,410	\$	623,835	110.91 %)
7000 State sources	12,287,001		13,197,886		910,885	107.41	
8000 Federal sources	 1,929,604		1,583,167		(346,437)	82.05	
Total revenues and							
sources	 19,933,180		21,121,463		1,188,283	105.96	
Expenditures							
1000 Instruction	12,603,128		11,663,204		939,924	92.54	
2000 Support services	6,275,814		6,420,575		(144,761)	102.31	
3000 Noninstructional	415,070		562,466		(147,396)	135.51	
4000 Facilities	-		29,367		(29,367)	(100.00)	
5000 Debt Service	 1,153,945		1,153,946		(1)	100.00	
Total expenditures and							
uses	 20,447,957		19,829,558		618,399	96.98	
(Deficiency) excess of revenues (under)							
over expenditures	\$ (514,777)	\$	1,291,905	\$	1,806,682		

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Revenues

Local Revenues:

Earned income tax revenue was up 12%, or \$84,589, from budget. Revenues from interest income earned on bank accounts at the District were up \$232,522 more than budgeted. This was due to the District not being able to predict the interest rates that would be available during the fiscal year.

State Revenues:

The state provides reimbursements and grants for several different programs and services that the District provides to students. Each reimbursement or grant is budgeted prior to the final state budget being approved. Due to this timing concern, state revenues, similar to local revenues, are budgeted conservatively. The basic education subsidy and retirement subsidy were over budget by approximately \$400,000. The District also received Level Up funding from the state for the first time in the amount of \$241,000 approximately which was not budgeted. Both the special education subsidy and pupil transportation subsidy were also under budget by approximately \$100,000 each.

Federal Revenues:

The District over budgeted for ESSER funding by approximately \$226,000. This was due to some projects not taking place in the current year. The District still has funding available to be spent with ESSER funding in fiscal year 2023-2024.

Expenditures

The majority of the budgeted expenditure figures are estimates. Furthermore, the District has limited or no control over several significantly large expenditures such as, tuition for cyber schools and tuition for approved special education private schools. The 2022-2023 Instructional subtotal of expenditures was \$939,924, or 9.2% under budget. The most significant deviation of actual under budgeted expenditures was experienced in salaries and wages where the District budgeted for ESSER funding to be utilized but was not needed in the current year. This was evident in the Districts regular and vocational programs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets:

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activity as of June 30, 2023 is summarized below.

	 overnmental Activities	iness-Type Activity	Total
Land, buildings and improvements Equipment and other capital assets Leased assets	\$ 30,035,759 2,864,267 80,616	\$ - 589,090 -	\$ 30,035,759 3,453,357 80,616
Total	32,980,642	589,090	33,569,732
Accumulated depreciation	(19,152,404)	 (440,175)	 (19,592,579)
Net	\$ 13,828,238	\$ 148,915	\$ 13,977,153

Over the past several years, the District has completed several construction projects as well as other improvements to District property. The values of these projects, net of depreciation, are included in the Capital Assets.

Debt Administration:

As of June 30, 2023, the District's long-term liabilities were \$31,013,303. This includes net other postemployment benefit liability of \$3,823,474, compensated absences of \$267,820, general obligation notes payable of \$4,870,950, obligations incurred under leases of \$44,059 and a net pension liability of \$22,007,000.

Detailed information about long-term liabilities is included in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The tax base in Clearfield and Clinton Counties has remained level with only minimal growth in the local tax base. The District has been experiencing a slightly declining student enrollment for many years and this trend is expected to continue based on enrollment projections by the Pennsylvania Department of Education. The District administration will need to continue to monitor the building capacity, participation in various programs and class size when making facility, staffing and program decisions based on district enrollment trends.

The revenue budget for the 2023-2024 year, \$20,862,747, is \$929,567 more than the budget for 2022-2023. This represents a 4.7% increase in budgeted revenues. The increase in budgeted revenue is due to the recognition of the additional funding the District is receiving in state subsidies. The expenditure budget for the 2023-2024 year, \$20,986,917, is \$486,960 more than the budget for 2022-2023, which is an increase of 2.4%. The increase in expenditures is primarily the result of projecting for rising costs along with rising salaries and wages. The 2022-2023 budget requires the use of \$124,170 from the committed fund balance to balance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Labor Relations

The West Branch Education Association, an affiliation of Pennsylvania State Education Association (PSEA), represents the professional staff of the District. This group represents 77 employees, including teachers, librarians, counselors and nurses. The District entered into a contract, effective July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2025. Health insurance contributions by District employees range from \$73 - \$167 per month for the duration of the contract.

The West Branch Education Support Professionals Association (the Association) represents the support staff of the District. The Association represents 53 employees. This group includes custodians, secretaries, paraeducators and cafeteria personnel. The current contract runs from July 1, 2019 until June 30, 2024. The contract provides average annual hourly increases of 3%, longevity payments, health insurance for employee and family, personal days, bereavement, emergency, vacation, life insurance and sick leave. Health insurance contributions by District employees range from \$35.42 - \$75.00 annually.

The remaining administrative and noninstructional personnel of the District are represented under ACT 93 Compensation plan for principals, supervisor of special education, supervisor of buildings and grounds, and information technology coordinator. The secretary to the superintendent, pupil services coordinators, bookkeeper/payroll coordinator, and the network administrator have a separate Act 93 Non-Supervisor compensation plan. The Act 93 Plans ran from July 1, 2020 until June 30, 2023. The annual average salary increase for administrative personnel range from 0% to 3.5%. These groups contribute to health insurance costs. The Act 93 Groups contributes the same as the professional staff \$73 to \$167 per month. Other benefits are similar to other district employees. It should be noted that the District and the ACT 93 employees have reached an agreement on a new labor contract with a term of July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2026.

Contacting the District Financial Management

The West Branch Area School District financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact Leslie Stott, Business Manager for the West Branch Area School District, 516 Allport Cutoff, Morrisdale, Pennsylvania 16858, and (814) 345-5615 x4850.

Statement of Net Position (Deficit) June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,140,397	\$ 415,819	\$ 11,556,216
Taxes receivable, net	642,437	-	642,437
Due from other governments Internal balances	1,254,349 9,888	(9,888)	1,254,349
Other receivables	93,350	(0,000)	93,350
Inventories		11,286	11,286
Total current assets	13,140,421	417,217	13,557,638
Noncurrent Assets			
Land, buildings and improvements	30,035,759	-	30,035,759
Equipment and other capital assets Accumulated depreciation	2,944,883 (19,152,404)	589,090 (440,175)	3,533,973 (19,592,579)
·			
Total noncurrent assets	13,828,238	148,915	13,977,153
Total assets	26,968,659	566,132	27,534,791
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Other postemployment benefits Pension	633,157 3,363,384	2,660 14,598	635,817 3,377,982
Total deferred outflows of resources			
	3,996,541	17,258	4,013,799
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 30,965,200	\$ 583,390	\$ 31,548,590
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Deficit)			
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 301,087 995,000	\$ 19,599	\$ 320,686 995,000
Current portion of notes payable Current portion lease liability	16,222	- -	16,222
Accrued salaries and benefits	2,220,063	-	2,220,063
Unearned revenue	71,103	26,104	97,207
Accrued interest	19,402	-	19,402
Total current liabilities	3,622,877	45,703	3,668,580
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Notes payable	3,875,950 27,837	-	3,875,950
Lease liability Other postemployment benefits liability	3,818,932	4,542	27,837 3,823,474
Compensated absences	264,010	3,810	267,820
Net pension liability	21,911,897	95,103	22,007,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	29,898,626	103,455	30,002,081
Total liabilities	33,521,503	149,158	33,670,661
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Other postemployment benefits	1,616,857	3,646	1,620,503
Pension	1,090,268	4,732	1,095,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,707,125	8,378	2,715,503
Net Position (Deficit)			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	8,913,229 273 310	148,915 26 104	9,062,144
Unrestricted (deficit)	273,310 (14,449,967)	26,104 250,835	299,414 (14,199,132)
Total net position (deficit)	(5,263,428)	425,854	(4,837,574)
, ,	(0,200,420)	120,007	(1,001,014)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position (deficit)	\$ 30,965,200	\$ 583,390	\$ 31,548,590

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Program Revenues						Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position (Deficit)						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges Operating for Grants and Services Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activity			Total				
Governmental Activities Instruction Instructional student support Administration and financial support services Operation and maintenance of plant services Pupil transportation Student activities Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	\$ (10,956,789) (1,571,169) (1,467,046) (2,642,666) (1,189,585) (600,786) (67,634) (18,495,675)	\$	31,158 31,158	\$	5,929,659 14,158 - 821,162 400,769 269,021 7,434,769	\$	(5,027,130) (1,557,011) (1,467,046) (2,642,666) (368,423) (168,859) 201,387 (11,029,748)			\$	(5,027,130) (1,557,011) (1,467,046) (2,642,666) (368,423) (168,859) 201,387 (11,029,748)		
Business-Type Activity Food service	(733,753)		180,367		549,224			\$	(4,162)		(4,162)		
Total	\$ (19,229,428)	\$	211,525	\$	7,983,993				(4,162)		(11,033,910)		
	General Revenues Property taxes, levied for general purposes, net Earned income tax Grants, subsidies and contributions not restricted Investment earnings Miscellaneous income						4,386,239 860,191 8,027,982 258,777 42,129		- - - 5,583 -		4,386,239 860,191 8,027,982 264,360 42,129		
	Total ge	neral ı	revenues				13,575,318		5,583		13,580,901		
	Change	in net	position (defi	cit)			2,545,570		1,421		2,546,991		
	Net Position (De	ficit),	Beginning				(7,808,998)		424,433		(7,384,565)		
	Net Position (De	ficit),	Ending			\$	(5,263,428)	\$	425,854	\$	(4,837,574)		

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General Fund	onmajor Funds	Total
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,999,245	\$ 141,152	\$ 11,140,397
Taxes receivable, net	642,437	-	642,437
Due from other governments	1,254,349	-	1,254,349
Due from other funds	9,888	-	9,888
Other receivables	 93,350	 	 93,350
Total	\$ 12,999,269	\$ 141,152	\$ 13,140,421
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 300,664	\$ 423	\$ 301,087
Accrued salaries and benefits	2,220,063	-	2,220,063
Unearned revenues	 71,103	 -	 71,103
Total liabilities	 2,591,830	 423	 2,592,253
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unearned revenues, taxes	 485,883	 	 485,883
Fund Balances			
Restricted	132,581	140,729	273,310
Committed	8,049,800	-	8,049,800
Assigned	58,231	-	58,231
Unassigned	 1,680,944	 	 1,680,944
Total fund balances	 9,921,556	 140,729	10,062,285
Total	\$ 12,999,269	\$ 141,152	\$ 13,140,421

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position (Deficit) June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 10,062,285
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (deficit) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are long-term financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of assets is \$32,980,642 and the accumulated depreciation is \$19,152,404.	13,828,238
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore, are	10,020,200
unearned in the governmental funds.	485,883
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability are not reported in the governmental funds, however are reported in the statement of net position (deficit).	3,363,384
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability are not reported in the governmental funds, however are reported in the statement of net position (deficit).	(1,090,268)
Deferred outflows related to net OPEB liability are not reported in the governmental funds, however are reported in the statement of net position (deficit).	633,157
Deferred inflows related to net OPEB liability are not reported in the governmental funds, however are reported in the statement of net position (deficit).	(1,616,857)
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	
Notes payable Lease liability Accrued interest on long-term debt Other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) Compensated absences	(4,870,950) (44,059) (19,402) (3,818,932) (264,010)
Net pension liability	 (21,911,897)

(5,263,428)

Total net deficit - governmental activities

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	•	
Revenues			
Local sources	\$ 6,340,410	\$ 48,434	\$ 6,388,844
State sources	13,197,886	-	13,197,886
Federal sources	1,583,167		1,583,167
Total revenues	21,121,463	48,434	21,169,897
Expenditures			
Instruction	11,663,204	-	11,663,204
Support services	6,420,575	-	6,420,575
Noninstructional services	562,466	55,391	617,857
Facilities acquisition, construction and			
improvement services	29,367	60,630	89,997
Debt service	1,153,946		1,153,946
Total expenditures	19,829,558	116,021	19,945,579
Excess (deficit) of revenues over			
expenditures before other			
financing (uses) sources	1,291,905	(67,587)	1,224,318
Other Financing (Uses) Sources			
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt	-	99,950	99,950
Transfer out	(52,000)	-	(52,000)
Transfer in		52,000	52,000
Total other financing sources, net	(52,000)	151,950	99,950
Net changes in fund balances	1,239,905	84,363	1,324,268
Fund Balances, Beginning	8,681,651	56,366	8,738,017
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 9,921,556	\$ 140,729	\$ 10,062,285

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 1.324.268

(629,059)

(128,650)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (deficit) are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation in the period:

Capital outlays \$ 204,169
Depreciation expense \$ (833,228)

Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Unearned tax revenues increased by this amount this year.

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of government funds. The transaction, however, does not have an effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and other similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Reconciling items related to long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Issuance of long-term debt(99,950)Scheduled principal payments on long-term debt1,026,485Scheduled principal payments on lease liabilities15,879Scheduled principal payments on installment contract payable51,726

Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net additional interest accrued in the statement of activities over the amount due is shown here.

Net pension liability is considered long-term in nature, and is not reported as a liability within the funds. Such liability is, however, reported within the statement of net position (deficit), and changes in the liability is reflected within the statement of net position (deficit). This represents the change in pension liability and the deferred outflows and inflows related to the pension.

Net OPEB liability is considered long-term in nature, and is not reported as a liability within the Funds. Such liability is, however, reported within the statement of net position (deficit), and changes in the liability is reflected within the statement of net position (deficit). This represents the change in OPEB liability and the deferred outflows and inflows related to the OPEB.

In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacations and sick days) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. This amount represents the difference between the amount earned versus the amount used.

Change in net position (deficit) of governmental activities

8,101

994.140

1,044,606

(97,224)

29,388

2,545,570

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amount Original and Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Payanua			
Revenues Local sources	\$ 5,716,575	\$ 6,340,410	\$ 623,835
State sources	12,287,001	13,197,886	\$ 623,835 910,885
Federal sources	1,929,604	1,583,167	(346,437)
r cuciai sources	1,020,004	1,000,107	(040,401)
Total revenues	19,933,180	21,121,463	1,188,283
Expenditures Instruction:			
Regular programs	8,081,383	7,612,317	469,066
Special programs	3,133,010	3,052,169	80,841
Vocational education programs	992,178	694,260	297,918
Pre-Kindergarten	273,424	216,508	56,916
Other instructional programs	123,133	87,950	35,183
Total instruction	12,603,128	11,663,204	939,924
Support services:			
Pupil personnel	662,193	617,331	44,862
Instructional staff	960,704	791,490	169,214
Administration	1,178,450	1,120,089	58,361
Pupil health	248,333	253,778	(5,445)
Business	344,615	347,522	(2,907)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,819,433	2,011,292	(191,859)
Student transportation services	1,062,086	1,189,585	(127,499)
Central		89,488	(89,488)
Total support services	6,275,814	6,420,575	(144,761)
Noninstructional services,			
Student activities	415,070	562,466	(147,396)
Facilities acquisition, construction and improvement services	-	29,367	(29,367)
Debt service	1,153,945	1,153,946	(1)
Total expenditures	20,447,957	19,829,558	618,399
·	20,441,301	10,020,000	010,000
Excess of revenues (under) over expenditures before other financing uses	(514,777)	1,291,905	1,806,682
Other Financing Uses Transfer out	(52,000)	(52,000)	
Net changes in fund balances	\$ (566,777)	1,239,905	\$ 1,806,682
Fund Balances, Beginning		8,681,651	
Fund Balances, Ending		\$ 9,921,556	

Balance Sheet - Proprietary Fund - Food Service June 30, 2023

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Assets Current assets:	
Cash Inventories	\$ 415,819 11,286
Total current assets	 427,105
Noncurrent assets: Machinery and equipment Accumulated depreciation	589,090 (440,175)
Total noncurrent assets	148,915
Total assets	 576,020
Deferred Outflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits Pension	 2,660 14,598
Total deferred outflows of resources	 17,258
Total	\$ 593,278
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 19,599 9,888 26,104
Total current liabilities	 55,591
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits Net pension liability	 3,810 4,542 95,103
Total noncurrent liabilities	 103,455
Total liabilities	 159,046
Deferred Inflows of Resources Other postemployment benefits Pension	 3,646 4,732
Total deferred inflows of resources	 8,378
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	 148,915 26,104 250,835
Total net position	 425,854
Total	\$ 593,278

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position - Proprietary Fund - Food Service Year Ended June 30, 2023

Operating Revenues	
Food service revenues	\$ 180,367
Operating Expenses	
Food, milk and supplies	309,544
Other purchased services	260,539
Salaries and employee benefits	112,514
Operation and maintenance	25,901
Depreciation	23,686
Miscellaneous	1,569
Total operating expenses	733,753
Operating loss	(553,386)
Nonoperating Revenues	
State sources	66,489
Federal sources	482,735
Earnings on investments	5,583
Total nonoperating revenues	554,807
Change in net position	1,421
Net Position, Beginning	424,433
Net Position, Ending	\$ 425,854

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund - Food Service Year Ended June 30, 2023

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	
Cash received from customers	\$ 179,656
Cash paid to employees	(113,034)
Cash paid to vendors	(556,289)
Net cash used in operating activities	 (489,667)
Cash Flows Provided by Investing Activities	
Earnings on investments	 5,583
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	00.700
State sources Federal sources	66,702
redetal sources	446,447
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	 513,149
Change in cash	29,065
Cash, Beginning	386,754
	 000,101
Cash, Ending	\$ 415,819
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash	
Used in Operating Activities	
Operating loss	\$ (553,386)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	
used in operating activities:	
Depreciation	23,686
Pension changes	236
OPEB changes	369
USDA donated commodities used	41,669
Changes in assets and liabilities resulting in the provisions (use) of cash:	
Inventories	(185)
Accounts payable	(288)
Due to other funds	68
Unearned revenue	(711)
Compensated absences	 (1,125)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (489,667)
Noncash Operating, Noncapital Financing Activities	
USDA donated commodities	\$ 41,669

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the West Branch Area School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

Nature of Operations

The District provides public education services to residents in portions of Clearfield and Clinton Counties, Pennsylvania. The District operates a combined elementary and secondary school located in Morrisdale, Pennsylvania.

The District assesses the taxpayers of these municipalities based upon taxing powers at its disposal. The ability of the District's taxpayers to pay their assessments is dependent upon economic and other factors affecting the taxpayers.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended. The specific criteria used in determining whether other organizations should be included in the District's financial reporting entity are financial accountability, fiscal dependency and legal separation.

As defined above, there are no other related organizations that should be included in the District's financial statements, nor is the District considered to be a component unit of any other government.

Basic Financial Statements, Government-Wide Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major and non-major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The District's General, School Sponsored Activity and Scholarships and Capital Projects Funds are classified as governmental activities. The District's Food Service Fund is classified as a business-type activity.

In the government-wide statement of net position (deficit), both the governmental and business-type activity columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets, receivables and deferred outflows of resources, as well as long-term debt and obligations and deferred inflows of resources. The District's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position (deficit). The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue.

The District does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Basic Financial Statements, Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the District:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District:

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for all financial transactions not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from local property and earned income taxes, and state and federal appropriations. Many of the more significant activities of the District, including instruction, administration and certain noninstructional services are accounted for in this fund. The General Fund is reported as a major fund.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Capital Projects Fund is a nonmajor fund.

School Sponsored Activity and Scholarships Fund

The School Sponsored Activity and Scholarships Fund accounts for the monies authorized by Section 511 of the Public School Code of 1949 for school publications and organizations. The District's activity funds are Special Revenue Funds. The School Sponsored Activity and Scholarships Fund is a nonmajor fund.

Proprietary Fund

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The applicable GAAP are those similar to businesses in the private sector.

Food Service Fund

The Food Service Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures pertaining to cafeteria operations since such operations are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. It is the intent of the government body that the cost of providing such goods or services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or cost reimbursement plans.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District, are included on the statement of net position (deficit). The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in the District's net position.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Proprietary funds are also accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Inventories are valued on a first-in, first-out basis.

Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period (next fiscal year) or, for real estate taxes, within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due. During 2023, the District made no budgetary transfers.

The District reports unearned revenue on its fund financial statements. Unearned revenue arises when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenue may also arise when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District adopts an annual budget for the General Fund in accordance with law.

The budget is maintained on a modified accrual basis by fund, function and object, with expenditures controlled by line item. Appropriations lapse at the end of each year and must be reappropriated

The School Board approves budget transfers between departments within District funds. Budgeted amounts are reported as most recently adopted by the School Board.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major object level. The Board of School Directors may make transfers of funds appropriated to any particular item of expenditure by legislative action in accordance with the Pennsylvania School Code. Management may amend the budget at the sub-function/sub-object level without Board approval. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Budgetary information reflected in the financial statements is presented at or below the level of budgetary control and includes the effect of approved budget amendments. The General Fund budget for the year ended June 30, 2023 was approved by the Board of Directors on June 21, 2022 in the amount of \$20,499,957 with a tax millage of 103.67 mills for Clearfield County and 12.71 mills for Clinton County.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and improvements
Equipment and other capital assets

15 - 50 years 5 - 20 years

The District does not have any infrastructure capital assets.

Assets under capital lease were recorded at the lower of the present value of minimum lease payments or fair value of the asset. Amortization of assets under capital lease is included in depreciation.

Jointly Governed Organizations

Clearfield County Career and Technology Center

The District, along with four other school districts in the region, participates in the Clearfield County Career and Technology Center (the Center). The Center was created for the purpose of offering vocational and technical training programs for the benefit of secondary school pupils and post-secondary adults in the Clearfield County, Pennsylvania attendance area. The Center is a joint venture of its five member school districts. The Center is governed by a joint operating committee consisting of members from each participating district. Each participating school district must approve the Center's annual operating budget.

The District is obligated to pay a pro-rata share of the Center's operating expense based on the number of students attending the Center. The District's contribution for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$594,061.

The District is obligated to pay a pro-rata share of the Center's debt service in the form of semi-annual lease rental payments. The District made debt service payments to the Center totaling \$79,449 during the year ended June 30, 2023.

Complete financial statements for the Center can be obtained from the Center's administrative office.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Central Intermediate Unit 10

The District is a participating member of the Central Intermediate Unit 10 (CIU). The CIU is run by a joint committee of members from each of its 17 participating districts. The participating districts annually approve the CIU's annual operating budget. The CIU is a self - sustaining organization that provides services for fees to participating districts. As such, the District has no on-going financial interest or financial responsibility in the CIU. The CIU contracts with the participating districts to supply special education services, computer services and acts as a conduit for certain federal programs.

Compensated Absences

The District accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pension

The District provides eligible employees with retirement benefits through the Public School Employer's Retirement System (PSERS), a governmental, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PSERS was established as of July 18, 1917, under the provisions of Public Law 1043, No. 343.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of PSERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms and investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program and the West Branch Area School District Postemployment Benefits Plan (the West Branch OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from PSERS and the West Branch OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS and the West Branch OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Governmental Fund Balances

The District classifies its governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which
 are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to
 constitutional provisions or enabling legislation
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that
 are internally imposed by the District through formal action of the School Board which do not
 lapse at year-end
 - o The School Board of the District is its highest level of decision-making authority, and
 - o The School Board commits funds through a formal board motion.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the District, but not through a formal action of the School Board
 - The School Board of the District authorized the District Business manager to assign funds to specific purposes.
 - The School Board passed a board motion authorizing assignments for activities as contemplated by the Board.
- Unassigned includes position fund balances within the General Fund which have not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds

Restricted Net Position/Fund Balances

In governmental funds when an expenditure is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balances and then to other, less-restrictive classifications - committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Principle

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023. This Statement defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's information technology software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets, as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The Statement requires the recognition of a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability. The amortization of the subscription asset is then recognized as an outflow of resources over the subscription term. The adoption of this statement did not affect the District's financial reporting as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, as the District was not involved in any material SBITAs during fiscal 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2023, the District's cash and cash equivalents include deposits with local financial institutions, the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT) and the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF).

Pennsylvania statutes provide for the investment of governmental funds in certain authorized investment types, including U.S. Treasury bills, other short-term U.S. and Pennsylvania government obligations, and insured or collateralized time deposits and certificates of deposit. The statutes do not prescribe regulations related to demand deposits; however, they do allow the pooling of governmental funds for cash management and investment purposes. Act 72 requires all governmental (public funds) deposits not insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) to be collateralized by the financial institution.

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires disclosures related to the following deposit and investment risks: credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. The following is a description of the District's deposit and investment risks.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District will not recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits with local financial institutions was \$6,214,473 and the bank balance was \$6,454,749. Of this balance, \$5,704,749 was exposed to custodial credit risk, as these deposits were not covered by depository insurance. Rather, these deposits were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, but not in the District's name.

Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT)

PLGIT contains assets invested in accordance with Title 24 of the Pennsylvania Statutes Article 4, Section 440.1 (2001). Each participant owns shares of PLGIT, which invests the pooled assets. Such assets are not considered deposits, and as such are not subject to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount and bank balances of the District's investment in PLGIT were \$99,979. Due to the short-term nature and liquidity of the investments held within the pool, the fair value of the underlying investments approximates amortized cost.

Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund

The PSDLAF contains assets invested in accordance with Title 24 of the Pennsylvania Statutes Article 4, Section 440.1 (2001). Each participant owns shares of PSDLAF, which invests the pooled assets. Such assets are not considered deposits pursuant to GASB Nos. 3 and 40, and as such are not subject to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount and bank balances of the District's investment in PSDLAF were \$5,241,764. Due to the short-term nature and liquidity of the investments held within the pool, the fair value of the underlying investments approximates amortized cost.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

3. Property Taxes

Real estate property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. Taxes are collected at a 2% discount through October 15; face amount due from October 16 through December 15; and 10% penalty added after December 15. The County Assessment Offices calculate the yearly tax levy and distributes the individual tax duplicates to the school district's appointed tax collectors. The tax collectors are responsible for tax collections. Tax revenues are recognized in the period in which they are remitted by the tax collectors.

The District, in accordance with GAAP, recognized the delinquent and unpaid taxes receivable reduced by an allowance for uncollected taxes as determined by the administration. A portion of the net amount estimated to be collected which was measurable and available within 60 days was recognized as revenue and the balance deferred in the governmental fund financial statements.

4. Taxes Receivable, Net

A summary of the taxes receivable and related amounts at June 30, 2023 follows:

Property taxes receivable Earned income taxes receivable	\$ 861,081 6,136
Total	867,217
Estimated uncollectible taxes at June 30, 2023	 (224,780)
Total	\$ 642,437

5. Due From Other Governments

The amount reported in the governmental funds at June 30, 2023 as due from other governments is summarized below:

	F	ederal	 State		Local		Total	
General Fund	\$	295,467	\$ 663,652	\$	295,230	\$	1,254,349	

Amounts due from the federal and state government are primarily federal grants and state subsidies receivable from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Education at June 30, 2023. The amount due from local governments represents receivables earned by the District for vocational education, but not yet remitted to the District as of June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022 Increases		ncreases	Transfer/ Decreases		Balance June 30, 2023		
Governmental Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	12,292	\$		¢		\$	12,292
Land	φ	12,292	φ		\$		Φ	12,292
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Leased assets Equipment and other capital		29,925,523 80,616		97,944 -		- -		30,023,467 80,616
assets		2,758,042		106,225				2,864,267
Total capital assets, being depreciated		32,764,181		204,169				32,968,350
Accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Leased assets Equipment and other capital		(16,142,029) (20,678)		(669,950) (15,879)		-		(16,811,979) (36,557)
assets		(2,156,469)		(147,399)				(2,303,868)
Total accumulated depreciation		(18,319,176)		(833,228)				(19,152,404)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		14,445,005		(629,059)				13,815,946
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	14,457,297	\$	(629,059)	\$		\$	13,828,238
Business-Type Activity Capital assets being depreciated: Equipment and other capital assets	\$	589,090	\$	-	\$	-	\$	589,090
Accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and other capital assets		(416,489)		(23,686)				(440,175)
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$	172,601	\$	(23,686)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	148,915
Depreciation was allocated as follows:								
Governmental activities, instruction Business-type activity, food	\$	833,228						
service		23,686						
Total depreciation expense	\$	856,914						

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

7. Accrued Salaries and Benefits

Accrued salaries and benefits in the General Fund totaling \$2,220,063 represent salaries of \$980,369, the District's share of Social Security taxes of \$78,955 for teachers' services during the 2022-2023 school term, which are paid during July and August 2023 and retirement plan expense of \$1,160,739 applicable to the accrued salaries at June 30, 2023.

8. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

At June 30, 2023, the following interfund balances were unpaid:

Amounts due from other funds: General Fund	\$ 9,888	
Amounts due to other funds: Food Service Fund	\$ 9.888	

Interfund balances primarily arise between the General Fund and Food Service Fund due to payroll expenses being paid out of the General Fund and reimbursed by the Food Service Fund.

The composition of interfund transfers, used to move cash between funds at June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Transfers in: Capital Projects	 52,000
Transfers out: General Fund	\$ 52,000

The General fund transferred \$52,000 to the Capital Projects fund to provide funding for planned major capital projects.

9. Compensated Absences

Vacation

District employees who are required to work on a 12-month schedule are credited with vacation at rates which vary with length of service or job classification.

Vacation (for most employee categories) may be taken or accumulated within certain limits and are paid prior to retirement or termination at the employee's current rate of pay.

The liability for compensated absences, including early retirement incentives, recorded in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position (deficit) was \$264,010 at June 30, 2023. The change in the District's compensated absences in 2023 are summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activity		
Balance, July 1, 2022 Increase Decrease	\$	293,398 56,160 (85,548)	\$	4,935 660 (1,785)		
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	264,010	\$	3,810		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

10. Retirement Plan

Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in PSERS include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least one year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of three years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service.

Act 5 of 2017 (Act 5) introduced a hybrid benefit with two membership classes and a separate defined contribution plan for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2019. Act 5 created two new hybrid membership classes, Membership Class T-G (Class T-G) and Membership Class T-H (Class T-H) and the separate defined contribution membership class, Membership Class DC (Class DC). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-G and Class T-H members must work until age 67 with a minimum of three years of credited service. Class T-G may also qualify for normal retirement by attaining a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 97 with a minimum of 35 years of credited service.

Benefits are generally equal to 1% or 2.5%, depending on membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied times the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Member Contributions

The contribution rates based on qualified member compensation for virtually all members are presented below:

Mamhar	Contributio	n Rates
MICHITICIE	COHILIDATIO	II Kales

D-4-
Rate
5.25 %
6.25
6.25
6.50
7.50
Prior to
7/1/21:
0; After
7/1/21:
8.00
Prior to
7/1/21:
10.30; After
7/1/21:
10.80
Prior to
21:8.25
; After
7/1/21:
9.00
Prior to
21:7.50
; After
7/1/21:
8.25
7.50
':

Shared Risk Program Summary

Membership Class	Defined Benefit (DB) Base Rate	Shared Risk Increment	Minimum	Maximum
T-E	7.50 %	+/- 0.50 %	5.50 %	9.50 %
T-F	10.30	+/- 0.50	8.30	12.30
T-G	5.50	+/- 0.75	2.50	8.50
T-H	4.50	+/- 0.75	1.50	7.50

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was 34.31%* of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to PSERS from the District were \$2,542,982 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

^{*}This includes the defined contribution rate of 0.20% which is an estimated rate.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$22,007,000 for its proportionate share of the PSERS net pension liability. The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the PSERS total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the PSERS net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported contributions as it relates to the total one-year reported contributions. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.0495%, which was a decrease of 0.0014% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,523,000. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	10,000	\$	190,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		373,000
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		168,000		532,000
Change in assumptions		657,000		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,542,982		
Total	\$	3,377,982	\$	1,095,000

\$2,542,982 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2024	\$ (48,000)
2025	1,000
2026	(735,000)
2027	 522,000
Total	\$ (260,000)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 (the 2023 measurement date) was determined by rolling forward the PSERS' total pension liability as of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level percent of pay;
- Investment return 7.00%, includes inflation at 2.75%;
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases;
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree
 Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a
 modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale;
- The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021 and as of June 30, 2022.
- Demographic and economic assumptions approved by the PSERS Board for use effective with the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation:
 - Salary growth rate decreased from 5.00% to 4.50%.
 - Real wage growth and merit or seniority increases (components for salary growth) decreased from 2.75% and 2.25% to 2.50% and 2.00%, respectively.
 - Mortality rates Previously based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. Effective with the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, mortality rates are based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global public equity	28.0 %	5.3 %
Private equity	12.0	8.0
Fixed income	33.0	2.3
Commodities	9.0	2.3
Infrastructure/MLPs	9.0	5.4
Real estate	11.0	4.6
Absolute return	6.0	3.5
Cash	3.0	0.5
Leverage	(11.0)	0.5
	100.0 %	

The above was the PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)		Current Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 28,465,000	\$	22,007,000	\$	16,563,000	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the PSERS website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

11. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

West Branch Area School District Postemployment Benefits Plan

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The District's single employer defined benefit OPEB plan, West Branch Area School District Postemployment Benefits Plan (the West Branch OPEB Plan), provides postemployment benefits for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. The minimum requirements of the West Branch OPEB Plan are established by Pennsylvania Act 110 of 1988 and Act 43 of 1989. The School Board could choose to improve upon the minimum requirements in the future. The West Branch OPEB Plan is unfunded and no financial report is prepared. The West Branch OPEB Plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

The West Branch OPEB Plan provides the opportunity to purchase postemployment health insurance benefits to employees upon retirement with 30 years of PSERS service or through COBRA. Retired employees are allowed to continue coverage for themselves and their eligible dependents in the group health care plan until the retired employee reaches Medicare age, generally 65, as per their contracts.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

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At July 1, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

benefit payments	9
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving	
benefit payments	-
Active employees	131
Total	140

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$2,914,474 was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Interest rate	4.06%
Salary increases	2.5% cost of living adjustment, 1.5% real wage growth and for teachers and administrators a merit increase which varies by age from 2.75% to 0%
Discount rate	4.06%
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.5% in 2022, 6.0% in 2023, 5.5% in 2024 through 2025. Rates gradually decrease from 5.4% in 2026 to 3.9% in 2075 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	Retiree contributions are assumed to increase at the same rate as the Health Care Cost Trend Rate. However, the first year trend assumption was adjusted to account for short-term rate caps

The discount rate was based on S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index at July 1, 2022.

For mortality tables the PubT-2010 headcount-weighted mortality table including rates for contingent survivors for teachers and for all other employees. Incorporated into the tables are rates projected generationally Scale MP-2021 to reflect mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 2022.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	otal OPEB Liability
Balance at July 1, 2022	\$ 3,938,544
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest	239,657 93,981
Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms	(811,756)
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments	 (442,143) (103,809)
Net changes	(1,024,070)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 2,914,474

Changes in assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.28% in 2022 to 4.06% in 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.06%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.06%) than the current discount rate:

		1%				1%
		Decrease (3.06%)		Discount Rate (4.06%)		Increase (5.06%)
Total OPEB Liability		3,130,038	\$	2,914,474	- \$	2,708,237

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Total OPEB Liability		1% Decrease	 Ithcare Cost end Rates	1% Increase		
		2,695,425	\$ 2,914,474	\$	3,169,504	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$233,752. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date (July 1, 2022) Change in assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	105,318 344,233 -	\$	- 899,893 465,610	
Total	\$	449,551	\$	1,365,503	

\$105,318 reported as deferred outflows of resources, related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the year ending June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2024	\$ (99,886)
2025	(99,886)
2026	(99,886)
2027	(99,886)
2028	(99,886)
Thereafter	 (521,840)
Total	\$ (1,021,270)

PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

General Information About the PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

PSERS provides Premium Assistance, which is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer OPEB plan for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program (HOP). As of June 30, 2022, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of PSERS can participate in the Premium Assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 ½ or more years of service, or
- Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and

For Class DC members to become eligible for premium assistance, they must satisfy the following criteria:

- Attain Medicare eligibility with 24½ or more eligibility points, or
- Have 15 or more eligibility points and terminated after age 67, and
- Have received all or part of their distributions.

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was .75% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$55,266 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$909,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was .0494%, which was a decrease of 0.0014% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$26,000. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred itflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes in assumptions	\$	101,000	\$	215,000	
Net differences between projected and actual investment					
earnings		2,000		-	
Changes in proportion		20,000		35,000	
Differences between expected and actual experience		8,000		5,000	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		55,266		-	
	\$	186,266	\$	255,000	

\$55,266 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2024	\$ (24,000)
2025	(20,000)
2026	(21,000)
2027	(28,000)
2028	 (31,000)
Total	\$ (124,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2022 (the measurement date), was determined by rolling forward PSERS's Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level percent of pay;
- Investment return 4.09% S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate;
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases;
- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year;

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

- Assumed Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year;
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree
 Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a
 modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale;
- Participation rate:
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre age 65 at 50%
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post age 65 at 70%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five year period ending June 30, 2020.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022;
- Cost method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date;
- Asset valuation method: Market Value;
- Participation rate: The actual data for retirees benefiting under the Plan as of June 30, 2021 was used in lieu of the 63% utilization assumption for eligible retirees;
- Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

	OPEB - Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash		100.0 %	0.5 %

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 4.09%. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short-term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 4.09% which represents the S&P 20 year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2022, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of PSERS Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2022, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

The following presents PSERS net OPEB liability for June 30, 2023, calculated using current Healthcare cost trends as well as what PSERS net OPEB liability would be if health cost trends were 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	1% Increase			
PSERS Net OPEB Liability	\$	909,000	\$	909,000	\$	909,000

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.09%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.09%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.09%) than the current rate:

		6 Decrease (3.09%)	count Rate 4.09%)	1% Increase (5.09%)		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,028,000	\$ 909,000	\$	810,000	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on PSERS website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

12. Long-Term Debt

The changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	J	Balance uly 1, 2022		Additions		Reductions		Balance une 30, 2023	Current Portion	
Notes from direct borrowings General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2023	\$	101,485	\$	- 99,950	\$	(101,485)	\$	- 99,950	\$	- 5,000
General Obligation Note, Series of 2021		5,696,000				(925,000)		4,771,000		990,000
Total long-term debt	\$	5,797,485	\$	99,950	\$	(1,026,485)	\$	4,870,950	\$	995,000
Long-term debt at June 3	0, 20)23 consists	of t	the following:						
\$9,885,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2023, due in varying annual installments through March 2048, interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%.										
\$6,880,000 General Obligation Note, Series of 2021, due in varying annual installments through March 2030, interest rate of 1.22%.										

Debt service requirements at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Total

Long-term debt

Current portion

		Principal	I	nterest	 Total
2024	\$	995,000	\$	58,206	\$ 1,053,206
2025		1,011,000		46,128	1,057,128
2026		1,023,000		33,855	1,056,855
2027		1,036,000		21,435	1,057,435
2028		318,950		8,857	327,807
2029-2030		487,000		8,930	 495,930
Total	<u> \$ </u>	4,870,950	\$	177,411	\$ 5,048,361

4,870,950

995,000

3,875,950

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

13. Lessee - Lease Liability

Governmental Activities

Lease Liability Description	Date of Issue	Final Maturity Interest Rates	riginal btedness	B	alance
Copiers	March 2021 - February 2026	2.0	\$ 80,616	\$	44,059

Debt service requirements to maturity for governmental activities are as follows:

Years	Pı	rincipal	In	terest	Total			
2024 2025 2026	\$	16,222 16,565 11,272	\$	914 571 152	\$	17,136 17,136 11,424		
Total	\$	44,059	\$	1,637	\$	45,696		

14. Fund Balance Classifications

The District presents its governmental fund balances by level of constraint in the aggregate on its balance sheet - governmental funds. The individual specific purposes of each constraint are presented below:

	Ge	neral Fund		onmajor Funds		Total
Restricted for: Dental care	\$	110,296	\$	_	\$	110,296
Compensatory fund Student activities Capital projects	Ψ 	17,387 4,898	Ψ	32,098 108,631	φ	17,387 36,996 108,631
Total	\$	132,581	\$	140,729	\$	273,310
Committed for: PSERS and future building projects	\$	8,049,800	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	8,049,800
Assigned for: Athletics Band uniforms	\$	9,529 48,702	\$	- -	\$	9,529 48,702
Total	\$	58,231	\$		\$	58,231

15. Nonmonetary Transactions

The District receives USDA Donated Commodities in the enterprise (food service) fund, which is a proprietary fund type. These donated commodities are valued at an estimated market value and recognized as federal revenue with unused commodities recorded as inventory. The total food commodities donated by the federal government was \$41,669 and the amount used by the District for fiscal year 2023 totaled \$43,290.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

16. Pending Changes in Accounting Principles

The GASB has approved the following:

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements

Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022

Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62

Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures

District management is in the process of evaluating these standards. When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

17. Subsequent Event

The District received the remaining \$9,785,050 of the 2023 General Obligation Bond Series bond in August 2023.



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of West Branch Area School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Branch Area School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

State College, Pennsylvania

Baker Tilly US, LLP

January 29, 2024



Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of West Branch Area School District

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited West Branch Area School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose
 of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

State College, Pennsylvania

Baker Tilly US, LLP

January 29, 2024

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS Net Pension Liability (Unaudited) Years Ended June 30

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0495%	0.0509%	0.0502%	0.0506%	0.0498%	0.0507%	0.0494%	0.0483%	0.0497%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 22,007,000	\$ 20,898,000	\$ 24,718,000	\$ 23,672,000	\$ 23,906,000	\$ 25,040,000	\$ 24,485,000	\$ 20,928,000	\$ 19,672,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,257,164	\$ 7,206,581	\$ 7,043,818	\$ 6,982,061	\$ 6,707,140	\$ 7,135,076	\$ 6,944,054	\$ 6,220,527	\$ 6,207,421
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll PSERS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	303.25%	289.98%	350.92%	339.04%	356.43%	350.94%	352.60%	336.43%	316.91%
	61.34%	63.67%	54.32%	55.66%	54.00%	51.84%	50.14%	54.36%	57.24%

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, for the year ended June 30, 2015 to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in United State of America. Therefore, information for years prior to 2015 is not available for reporting.

Schedule of the District's PSERS Pension Contributions (Unaudited)
Years Ended June 30

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 2,542,982	\$ 2,450,612	\$ 2,388,523	\$ 2,334,038	\$ 2,278,068	\$ 2,333,974	\$ 1,963,067	\$ 1,596,249	\$ 1,251,279	\$ 1,013,844
contractually required contribution	(2,542,982)	(2,450,612)	(2,388,523)	(2,334,038)	(2,278,068)	(2,333,974)	(1,963,067)	(1,596,249)	(1,251,279)	(1,013,844)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 7,257,164	\$ 7,206,581	\$ 7,043,818	\$ 6,982,061	\$ 6,707,140	\$ 7,135,076	\$ 6,944,054	\$ 6,220,527	\$ 6,207,421	\$ 6,336,533
covered-employee payroll	35.04%	34.01%	33.91%	33.43%	33.96%	32.71%	28.27%	25.66%	20.16%	16.00%

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS Net OPEB Liability (Unaudited) Years Ended June 30

		2023		2022	 2021	 2020	 2019		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability District's covered-employee payroll	\$ \$	0.0494% 909,000 7,257,164	\$ \$	0.0508% 1,205,000 7,206,581	\$ 0.0502% 1,085,000 7,043,818	\$ 0.0506% 1,076,000 6,982,061	\$ 0.0498% 1,038,000 6,707,140	\$ \$	0.0507% 1,033,000 7,135,076	\$ \$	0.0494% 1,064,000 6,944,054
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll PSERS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		12.53% 6.86%		16.72% 5.30%	15.40% 5.69%	15.41% 5.56%	15.48% 5.56%		14.48% 5.73%		15.32% 5.47%

Note: Data is not available for years prior to June 30, 2017

Schedule of the District's PSERS OPEB Contributions (Unaudited)
Years Ended June 30

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018		2018		2018		2018		2018		2017		2017		 2016		2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 55,266	\$ 57,425	\$ 58,136	\$ 58,613	\$ 58,000	\$	61,025	\$	55,799	\$ 53,634	\$	54,934	\$ 58,930										
contractually required contribution	 (55,266)	(57,425)	(58,136)	(58,613)	(58,000)		(61,025)		(55,799)	(53,634)		(54,934)	(58,930)										
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$ <u>-</u>										
District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 7,257,164	\$ 7,206,581	\$ 7,043,818	\$ 6,982,061	\$ 6,707,140	\$	7,135,076	\$	6,944,054	\$ 6,220,527	\$	6,207,421	\$ 6,336,533										
covered-employee payroll	0.76%	0.80%	0.83%	0.84%	0.86%		0.86%		0.80%	0.86%		0.88%	0.93%										

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - District Plan (Unaudited) Years Ended June 30

	2023		2022		2021		2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability									
Service cost	\$	239,657	\$	235,341	\$	202,483	\$ 197,025	\$ 211,358	\$ 208,818
Interest cost		93,981		74,813		114,984	98,787	102,604	75,878
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	-	(154,405)	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(442,143)		-		(70,653)	-	(18,298)	-
Changes of assumptions		(811,756)		(116,587)		413,470	(97,166)	8,501	54,172
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(103,809)		(91,366)		(95,108)	(99,155)	(97,820)	(125,780)
Net change in total OPEB liability	((1,024,070)		102,201		565,176	99,491	51,940	213,088
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning		3,938,544		3,836,343		3,271,167	 3,171,676	 3,119,736	 2,906,648
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$	2,914,474	\$	3,938,544	\$	3,836,343	\$ 3,271,167	\$ 3,171,676	\$ 3,119,736
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	6,919,435	\$	6,802,828	\$	6,802,828	\$ 6,575,889	\$ 6,575,889	\$ 7,113,089
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		42.12%		57.90%		56.39%	49.74%	 48.23%	43.86%

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 during its year ended June 30, 2018. Information prior to 2018 year is not available.

Note:

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 3.13% in 2018 to 2.98% in 2019 to 3.36% in 2020 to 1.86% in 2021 to 2.28% in 2022 to 4.06% percent in 2023. The trend assumption was updated. Assumptions for salary, mortality, withdrawal and retirement were updated based on new PSERS assumptions.

General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues		
Local sources:		
Taxation:		
Current taxation:		
Real estate	\$	3,962,954
Earned income tax	*	860,191
Payments in lieu of taxes		49,167
Public utility realty tax		4,950
Real estate transfers		159,014
real estate transfers		100,014
Total current taxation		5,036,276
Delinquent taxation		338,804
Total from taxation		5,375,080
Earnings from temporary investments and deposits		258,583
Receipts from other LEA's		274,010
IDEA .		354,104
Athletic admissions		33,254
Miscellaneous revenue		45,379
Total local sources		6,340,410
State courses:		
State sources:		0.007.000
Basic instructional subsidy		8,027,982
Level up funding		240,673
Private placement		2,090
Drivers education		875
Special education		978,254
Transportation		821,162
Rental and sinking fund payments		269,021
Medical and dental services		14,158
Supplemental reimbursement		356,305
Social Security subsidy		365,321
Retirement subsidy		1,847,371
Other state grants		274,674
Total state sources		13,197,886
Federal sources:		
ECIA Title I		338,718
Title II		38,781
Title IV		34,516
NCLB Title IV		175
ESSER		1,168,859
Medical access		2,118
modical docood		۷,110
Total federal sources		1,583,167
Total revenues	\$	21,121,463

General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2023

Expenditures Instruction:		
Regular programs	\$	7,612,317
Special programs	φ	3,052,169
Vocational education programs		694,260
Pre-Kindergarten		216,508
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Other instructional programs		87,950
Total instruction		11,663,204
Support services:		
Pupil personnel		617,331
Instructional staff		791,490
Administration		1,120,089
Pupil health		253,778
Business		347,522
Operation and maintenance of plant services		2,011,292
Student transportation		1,189,585
Central		89,488
Total support services		6,420,575
Noninstructional services		562,466
Facilities acquisition, construction and improvement services		29,367
Debt service		1,153,946
Total expenditures		19,829,558
F		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		4 004 005
before other financing uses		1,291,905
Other Financian Head		
Other Financing Uses		(50.000)
Transfer out		(52,000)
Net change in fund balance		1,239,905
Fund Balances, Beginning		8,681,651
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	9,921,556
i ana balances, Enamy	Ψ	3,321,330

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

	Capital Projects	Sp Act	School consored tivity and colarships	Total
Assets				
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 109,054	\$	32,098	\$ 141,152
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances				
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 423	\$	-	\$ 423
Fund Balances Restricted	 108,631		32,098	 140,729
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 109,054	\$	32,098	\$ 141,152

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Unaudited)
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Capital Projects		Sp Act	School onsored ivity and olarships	Total	
Revenues Local sources	\$	154	\$	48,280	\$	48,434
Expenditures Noninstructional services Facilities acquisition, construction and		-		55,391		55,391
improvement services		60,630		<u>-</u>		60,630
Total expenditures		60,630		55,391		116,021
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		(60,476)		(7,111)		(67,587)
Other Financing Sources Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt Transfer in		99,950 52,000		<u>-</u>		99,950 52,000
Total other financing sources		151,950				151,950
Changes in fund balances		91,474		(7,111)		84,363
Fund Balances, Beginning		17,157		39,209		56,366
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	108,631	\$	32,098	\$	140,729

West Branch Area School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Source Code	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantors Number	Grant Period Code	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2022	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June, 30 2023	Expenditures to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education											
Passed Through Pennsylvania Department of Education:											
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	I	84.010	013-230469	Α	\$ 396,736	\$ 299,517	\$ -	\$ 228,414	\$ 228,414	\$ (71,103)	\$ -
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	ı	84.010	013-220469	В	439,889	117,296	6,992	110,304	110,304		
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies						416,813	6,992	338,718	338,718	(71,103)	<u> </u>
Rural Education	I	84.358	007-220469	В	22,568	16,120	15,945	175	175		
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	1	84.367	020-230469	Α	38,781	22,806	_	38,781	38,781	15,975	_
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	i	84.367	020-220469	В	39,323	15,319	15,319				
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants						38,125	15,319	38,781	38,781	15,975	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	1	84.424	144-230469	Α	34,516	32,880	_	34,516	34,516	1,636	_
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	i	84.424	144-220469	В	33,429	21	21	-	-	-	_
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program						32,901	21	34,516	34,516	1,636	
•											-
COVID-19 - ARP - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	Į.	84.425U	223-210469	В	3,320,231	1,811,035	1,402,677	632,510	632,510	224,152	-
COVID-19 - CARES/Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	!	84.425D	200-210469	В	1,641,476	496,260	103,743	408,686	408,686	16,169	-
COVID-19 - ARP - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund COVID-19 - ARP - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief -	1	84.425U	225-210469	В	258,057	112,607	26,399	123,743	123,743	37,535	-
Homeless Children & Youth	1	84.425W	181-212472	В	11,135	10,278	6,358	3,920	3,920	_	_
COVID-19 - ARP - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief -	•	04.42011	101 212412		11,100	10,270	0,000	0,020	0,020		
Homeless Children & Youth	1	84.425W	181-212472	В	18,677	18,677	18,677				
Total Education Stabilization Funds						2,448,857	1,557,854	1,168,859	1,168,859	277,856	
Total Pennsylvania Department of Education						2,952,816	1,596,131	1,581,049	1,581,049	224,364	
Passed Through Central Intermediate Unit 10:											
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):											
Special Education Grants to States	1	84.027	062-230010	Α	258,441	-	-	258,441	258,441	258,441	-
Special Education Preschool Grants	1	84.173	131-220010	Α	4,090	4,090	-	4,090	4,090	-	-
Special Education Grants to States	Į.	84.027	062-220010	В	53,443	53,443	-	53,443	53,443	-	-
Special Education Grants to States	I	84.027	062-220010	В	254,199	236,190	216,069	38,130	38,130	18,009	
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)						293,723	216,069	354,104	354,104	276,450	
Total U.S. Department of Education						3,246,539	1,812,200	1,935,153	1,935,153	500,814	
U.S. Department of Agriculture											
Passed Through Pennsylvania Department of Education:											
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	1	10.649	358-0000	Α	Note 3	628		628	628		
Child Nutrition Cluster:											
Passed Through PA Department of Education:											
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	362-0000	Α	Note 3	307,584	_	307,584	307,584	-	-
School Breakfast Program	1	10.553	365-0000	Α	Note 3	97,377	-	97,377	97,377	-	_
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	362-0000	В	Note 3	5,799	5,799	-	-	-	-
School Breakfast Program	1	10.553	365-0000	В	Note 3	1,253	1,253	-	-	-	-
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	I	10.555	356-0000	Α	Note 3	33,806	(12,460)	33,856	33,856	(12,410)	-
Passed Through Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture:											
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	2-05-17-900	Α	Note 3	41,669	(7,801)	43,290	43,290	(6,180)	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster						487,488	(13,209)	482,107	482,107	(18,590)	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture						488,116	(13,209)	482,735	482,735	(18,590)	
Total						\$ 3,734,655	\$ 1,798,991	\$ 2,417,888	\$ 2,417,888	\$ 482,224	Φ -

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) presents the federal award activity of West Branch Area School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Because the Schedule presents only a select portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for the Child Nutrition Cluster and the modified accrual basis of accounting for all remaining programs. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

3. National School Lunch Program

The program amount for the National School Lunch Program is based on a set per meal reimbursement rate.

4. Source Code and Grant Period Codes

Source code used in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is as follows:

I = Indirect funding

Grant period codes used in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are as follows:

A = 07/01/22 - 06/30/23

B = 07/01/21 - 06/30/22

5. Access Reimbursements

Access reimbursements for direct medical services are classified as fee-for-service revenues and are not considered federal awards for purposes of the Single Audit, and are thus not reported on the Schedule. The District's General Fund federal revenues include \$2,118 of access reimbursements for direct medical services.

6. Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GA	AAP: Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes X no X yes none reported					
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes X_no					
Federal Awards						
Internal control over the major federal program: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes X no yes X none reported					
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for the major federal program:	Unmodified					
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes X_no					
Identification of major federal program:						
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
84.425	Education Stabilization Funds					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X _yesno					

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2023-001: Internal Control Over Financial Reporting - Nonattest Services - Significant Deficiency

Criteria: Internal control is a process which captures and records transactions, safeguards your assets and assures compliance with laws and regulations. One critical element of internal control includes preparation and review and approval of reconciliations and year-end adjusting entries to ensure the books and records appropriately reflect the current year activities.

Condition/Context: As part of our audit of the District's financial statements, there were certain bookkeeping adjustments that were precipitated by the audit process. While we are pleased to provide these services, you understand that you are responsible for the District's internal control over financial reporting, which included:

- Proposed adjustments to real estate taxes receivable, allowance for uncollectable taxes, and unearned real estate tax revenue
- Proposed adjustments to state and federal grants and receivables/unearned revenue
- Proposed adjustments to other balance sheet and income statement accounts

Cause: The District has individuals with the skills, knowledge and expertise to perform these activities in-house. However, turnover within the Business Office at June 30, 2023, affected the District's ability to close the fiscal year in a timely manner.

Effect: The fact that you have requested our technical assistance with the above-mentioned tasks, which are a normal and required component of internal control over financial reporting, constitutes a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

Recommendation: We recommend that management give consideration to performing the above tasks internally.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: We recommend that management give consideration to performing the above tasks internally. It is noted that there has been progress in this area over the past several months as the new business manager has been getting familiar with the software and processes.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None.

Section IV - Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

No audit findings reported in prior year.